## CITY OF SAN JOSE LIBRARY PARCEL TAX FUND (A Fund of the City of San José)

Independent Auditor's Reports, Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Independent Accountant's Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012



(A Fund of the City of San José) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

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City Council and Members of the Citizen's Oversight Committee City of San José, California

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Library Parcel Tax Fund, a fund of the City of San José (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over the Library Parcel Tax Fund's financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the financial statements of the Library Parcel Tax Fund are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and the nonmajor governmental funds of the City that is attributable to the activities of the Library Parcel Tax Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Library Parcel Tax Fund as of June 30, 2012 and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2012, on our consideration of City's internal control over the Library Parcel Tax Fund's financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Walnut Creek, California

Macias Lini & C Connel 9 LLP

November 2, 2012

(A Fund of the City of San José) Balance Sheet June 30, 2012

Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments		
held in the City Treasury	\$	7,164,391
Receivables:		
Parcel tax		3,863
Interest		5,629
Total assets	\$	7,173,883
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities:	\$	83,903
Accounts payable	Ф	•
Accrued salaries, wages and payroll taxes		80,970
Total liabilities		164,873
Fund balance:		
Restricted for neighborhood library services		7,009,010

\$ 7,173,883

Total liabilities and fund balance

(A Fund of the City of San José)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Rev	enues:
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Library parcel tax	\$ 7,460,121
Investment income	23,127
Total revenues	7,483,248
Expenditures:	
Personal services	4,464,647
Materials acquisition	1,267,567
Non-personal services/equipment	239,875
Automation projects	677,583
Annual audit	11,395
Intergovernmental	69,087
Total expenditures	6,730,154
Change in fund balance	753,094
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,255,916
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,009,010

(A Fund of the City of San José) Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF REPORTING ENTITY

In November 2004, registered voters of the City of San José (City) approved Measure S, a parcel tax for Library specific purposes. The parcel tax replaced the ten-year Library Benefit Assessment District that ended on June 30, 2005. Beginning on July 1, 2005, the parcel tax is collected with the annual Santa Clara County property taxes for each fiscal year until June 30, 2015. Proceeds from the library parcel tax may only be expended for Library purposes, including the following:

- the acquisition of library books and materials and related costs to maintain library collections at all libraries:
- the development and delivery of homework and educational programs for all age groups to support literacy and lifelong learning;
- the repair, equipping and staffing of libraries; and
- the cost of collection and administration of the Library Parcel Tax.

The City Council may, by resolution of the City Council, increase the Library Parcel Tax rates if the City Council finds that the cost of living in the City as shown on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) has increased over the preceding period. The increase in the Library Parcel Tax rate shall not exceed the increase in the CPI for the applicable period, but in no event shall the increase exceed 3 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the increase in the Library Parcel Tax rate was 1.69 percent.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements present only the financial position and the changes in financial position of the Library Parcel Tax Fund (Fund) and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the City's financial position as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

A special revenue fund (governmental fund) is used to account for the City's Library Parcel Tax activities. Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Proceeds of specific revenue sources establish that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund.

#### Basis of Accounting

The Fund's activity is reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers parcel tax (property tax) revenues and investment income to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to vacation, sick leave, claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

(A Fund of the City of San José) Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Balance

Under GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the balance sheets of governmental funds classify fund balances based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which those funds can be spent. The Fund only has restricted fund balance at June 30, 2012.

Restricted fund balances are amounts when constraints placed on use of resources are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City will spend the most restricted dollars in accordance with restrictions imposed before less restricted in the following order: (a) committed; (b) assigned and (c) unassigned.

#### *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments balances of the Fund are pooled and invested in the City's investment pool. The Fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments held in the City Treasury." Income earned or losses arising from pooled investments are allocated on a monthly basis by the City's Finance Department to the Fund based on the average weekly cash balances. These investments are reported at fair value generally based on quoted market prices in the accompanying financial statements and the corresponding change in fair value of investments are reported in the year in which the change occurred.

It is not possible to disclose relevant information about the Fund's separate portion of the investment pool. At June 30, 2012, the City's investment pool invested in U.S. government and agency securities, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, corporate medium-term notes, and California's Local Agency Investment Fund as authorized by the City's investment policy. The weighted average maturity of the City's investment pool is 387 days. Additional information regarding the characteristics of the City's entire investment pool can be found in the City's basic financial statements. A copy of that report may be obtained by contacting the City's Finance Department, 200 East Santa Clara Street, 13<sup>th</sup> Floor, San José, CA, 95113 or can be found at the City's Finance Department website at http://www.csjfinance.org/.

#### NOTE 4 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES

The City issued lease revenue bonds and commercial paper notes to pay for the City Hall construction costs. The Fund's share of the debt service is calculated as a percentage of library staff occupying City Hall coupled with an estimated use of the Council Chambers and other City Hall offices. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the Fund's share of the debt service paid to the City was \$49,095. Additionally, the Fund paid \$19,992 to the City for the Fund's share of a payroll system upgrade.

(A Fund of the City of San José) Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **NOTE 5 – OTHER COMMITMENTS**

At June 30, 2012, the Fund has related outstanding encumbrances for the following activities:

Activity	A	Amount	
Non-personal services/equipment	\$	15,628	
Automation projects		715	
Total encumbrances	\$	16,343	

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(A Fund of the City of San José)

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Budgetary Basis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis Actual	Variance Over (Under)	GAAP	GAAP Basis
	Budget	Dudget	Actual	(Olider)	Adjustments	Dasis
Revenues:						
Library parcel tax	\$ 7,240,000	\$ 7,240,000	\$ 7,460,121	\$ 220,121	\$ -	\$ 7,460,121
Investment income	11,000	11,000	16,330	5,330	6,797	23,127
Total revenues	7,251,000	7,251,000	7,476,451	225,451	6,797	7,483,248
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
Personal services	5,021,219	5,024,565	4,464,647	(559,918)	-	4,464,647
Materials acquisition	1,896,000	1,847,212	1,267,567	(579,645)	-	1,267,567
Non-personal services/equipment	890,072	988,539	255,503	(733,036)	(15,628)	239,875
Automation projects	916,193	916,193	678,298	(237,895)	(715)	677,583
Annual audit	23,395	23,395	11,395	(12,000)	-	11,395
Intergovernmental	69,087	118,225	69,087	(49,138)		69,087
Total expenditures	8,815,966	8,918,129	6,746,497	(2,171,632)	(16,343)	6,730,154
Change in fund balance	\$ (1,564,966)	\$ (1,667,129)	729,954	\$ 2,397,083	23,140	753,094
Fund balance, beginning of year			6,212,763		43,153	6,255,916
Liquidation of prior year encumbrances			32,159		(32,159)	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 6,974,876		\$ 34,134	\$ 7,009,010

(A Fund of the City of San José) Note to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Budgetary Information**

The adopted budget represents the financial and organizational plan by which the policies and programs approved by the City Council will be implemented. It includes: (1) the programs, projects, services and activities to be provided during the fiscal year; (2) estimated revenues available to finance the operating plan; and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan. The City Charter requires that the City establish a budgetary system for general operations and prohibits expending funds for which there is no legal appropriation. Annual budgets are prepared for the Library Parcel Tax Fund.

The annual appropriation ordinance adopts the budget at the appropriation level by expenditure category (personal services, non-personal services) within departments. Accordingly, the lowest level of budgetary control exercised by the City Council is the appropriation level within a department.

#### Budgetary Results Reconciled to GAAP

The budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) basis. The results of operations are presented in the accompanying budget and actual comparison schedule in accordance with the budgetary process (budgetary basis) to provide a meaningful comparison with the budget.

The major differences between the budgetary basis actual and GAAP basis are as follows:

- Certain accounts such as the change in fair value of investments included in the City's GAAP basis
  amounts, for which no formal budgets are prepared, are excluded from the budgetary basis
  comparison schedule.
- Year-end encumbrances are recognized as the equivalent of expenditures in the budgetary basis
  comparison schedule, while encumbered amounts are not recognized as expenditures on the GAAP
  basis until the equipment, supplies, or services are received.





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# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Library Parcel Tax Fund (Fund), a fund of the City of San José (City), as of June 30, 2012 and for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2012. Our report includes an explanatory paragraph describing that the financial statements of the Fund present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and the nonmajor funds of the City that is attributable to the activities of the Fund and an explanatory paragraph describing management's omission of the management's discussion and analysis required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over the Fund's financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over the Fund's financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over the Fund's financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, the Citizen's Oversight Committee, the City Auditor and the City's management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Walnut Creek, California

Macias Dini & C Connel LLP

November 2, 2012



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## Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Measure S

We have examined the City of San José's (City) compliance with certain provisions of Measure S during the year ended June 30, 2012 as follows:

- Parcel tax is used for the acquisition of library books and materials and related costs to maintain library collections at all libraries; the development and delivery of homework and educational programs for all age groups to support literacy and lifelong learning; the repair, equipping and staffing of libraries; and the cost of collection and administration of the library parcel tax.
- The City's annual parcel tax, \$25 (2006 annual parcel tax) for single-family residences and proportional for other properties, will be adjusted for inflation capped at 3% annually and will be limited to ten years.
- Independent audits will be performed.
- A citizen oversight committee will be established.

Macias Sini & C Connel LLP

Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended June 30, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, the Citizen's Oversight Committee, the City Auditor and the City's management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Walnut Creek, California

November 2, 2012

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