Federated City Employees' Retirement System



Final Valuation Results

January 22, 2015

Bill Hallmark, ASA Gene Kalwarski, FSA

Agenda



- Background
- Summary of Valuation Results
- Historical and Projected Trends
- Appendix



Background



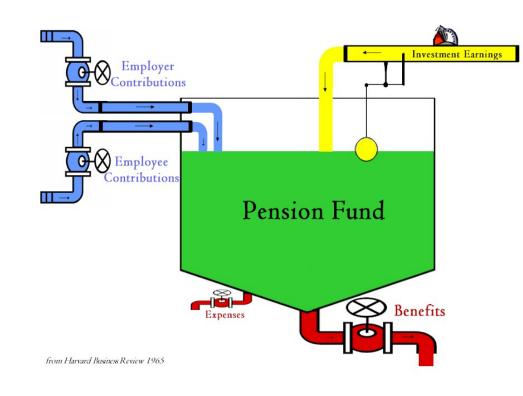
- November Meeting
 - Preliminary Draft Pension Valuation Results
 - Review of Economic Assumptions
- December Meeting
 - Board adopts 7% discount rate
 - Board adopts OPEB Assumptions
- January Meeting
 - Final Pension Valuation Results
 - Final OPEB Valuation Results



The Actuarial Valuation Process

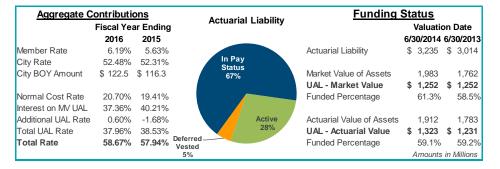


- 1. Collect information
 - Member data
 - Plan provisions
 - Asset information
- 2. Apply assumptions
 - Demographic
 - Economic
- Project all future benefit payments
- Determine a present value of the benefits
- 5. Compare to assets
- Calculate employer and employee contribution

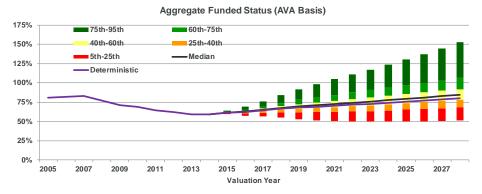












- First page of valuation report is now the "Dashboard"
- The Dashboard is intended to contain the most critical gauges for managing the pension plan
- We will discuss the components



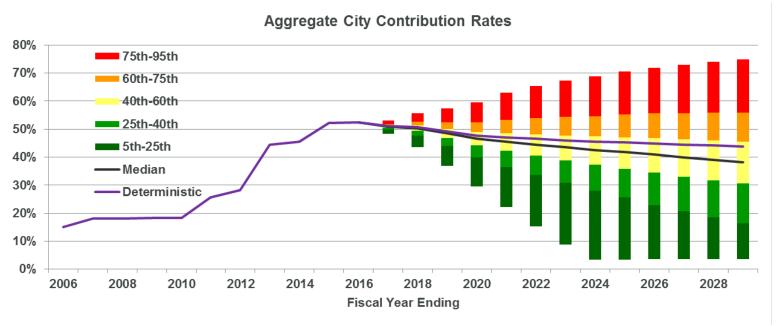


Aggregate Contributions Fiscal Year Ending		Actuarial Liability	<u>Funding</u>	Funding Status				
		Actuarial Liability		Va	luatio	on I	Date	
	2016	2015			6/30/	2014	6/3	0/2013
Member Rate	6.19%	5.63%		Actuarial Liability	\$ 3	,235	\$	3,014
City Rate	52.48%	52.31%	In Pay Status					
City BOY Amount	\$ 122.5	\$ 116.3	67%	Market Value of Assets	1	,983		1,762
				UAL - Market Value	\$ 1	,252	\$	1,252
Normal Cost Rate	20.70%	19.41%		Funded Percentage	6	1.3%		58.5%
Interest on MV UAL	37.36%	40.21%						
Additional UAL Rate	0.60%	-1.68%	Active	Actuarial Value of Assets	1	,912		1,783
Total UAL Rate	37.96%	38.53%	28%	UAL - Actuarial Value	\$ 1	,323	\$	1,231
Total Rate	58.67%	57.94%	DeferredVested	Funded Percentage	5	9.1%		59.2%
			5%		An	nounts	in I	Millions

- Top section of Dashboard provides aggregate measures from the current valuation compared to the prior valuation
 - Upper left shows contributions split between the Members and City
 - Lower left shows total contribution split between normal cost, interest on UAL, and principal payment on UAL
 - Right side shows measures of funded status
 - Center shows current actuarial liability split between actives, vested terminated members, and those currently receiving benefits



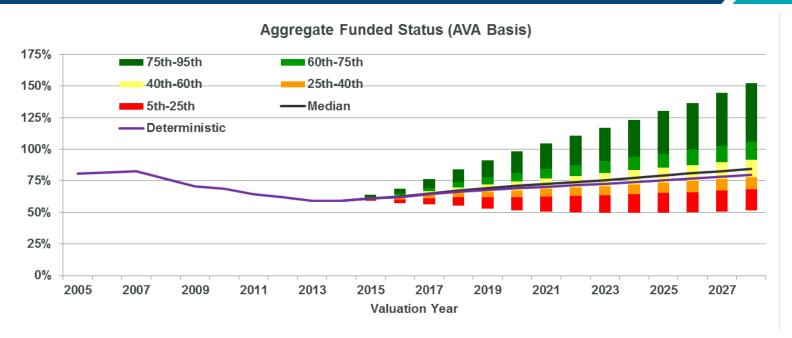




- Middle section of Dashboard shows historical and projected aggregate City contribution rates
 - Significant increase in contribution rates from 2010 to 2014
 - Expected trend is for contribution rates to decline gradually over the next 15 years
 - Wide variation in contribution rates due to investment volatility and size of plan compared to payroll
- Stochastic projections are based on 7.58% expected return and 11.88% standard deviation







- Bottom section of Dashboard shows historical and projected funded status based on the actuarial value of assets
 - Asset smoothing resulted in a gradual decline in funded status following the 2009 investment losses
 - Funded status is now improving and is expected to continue to improve
 - The apparent floor on the funded status is due to the assumed payment of high contribution rates when funded status deteriorates
- Stochastic projections are based on 7.58% expected return and 11.88% standard deviation





Summary of Funded Status and Related Ratios by Tier								
		Tier 1		Tier 2		Total		
Actuarial Liability								
Actives	\$	899,918	\$	3,374	\$	903,292		
Deferred Vested		156,336		117		156,453		
In Pay Status		2,175,320		0		2,175,320		
Total	\$	3,231,574	\$	3,491	\$	3,235,065		
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	1,978,358	\$	4,146	\$	1,982,504		
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	1,907,822	\$	3,950	\$	1,911,772		
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - MVA Basis	\$	1,253,216	\$	(655)	\$	1,252,561		
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - AVA Basis	\$	1,323,752	\$	(459)	\$	1,323,293		
Funding Ratio - MVA Basis		61.2%		118.8%		61.3%		
Funding Ratio - AVA Basis		59.0%		113.1%		59.1%		
FYE 2015 Expected Payroll	\$	192,746	\$	41,931	\$	234,677		
Asset Leverage Ratio		10.3		0.1		8.4		
Actuarial Liability Leverage Ratio		16.8		0.1		13.8		
Interest on UAL - MVA Basis	\$	87,725	\$	(46)	\$	87,679		
Interest Cost as Percent of Payroll		45.5%		-0.1%		37.4%		





Tier 1 Summary of Change in Funded Status and Related Ratios	;

_	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Jι	une 30, 2013	% Change
Actuarial Liability Actives	\$	899,918	\$	848,918	6.0%
Terminated Vested In Pay Status		156,336 2,175,320		134,484 2,029,670	16.2% <u>7.2</u> %
Total	\$	3,231,574	\$	3,013,072	7.3%
Market Value of Assets (MVA) Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$ \$	1,978,358 1,907,822	\$ \$	1,760,904 1,782,629	12.3% 7.0%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - MVA Basis Unfunded Actuarial Liability - AVA Basis		1,253,216 1,323,752	\$ \$	1,252,168 1,230,443	0.1% 7.6%
Funding Ratio - MVA Basis Funding Ratio - AVA Basis		61.2% 59.0%		58.4% 59.2%	4.8% -0.2%
Expected Payroll	\$	192,746	\$	204,176	-5.6%
Asset Leverage Ratio Actuarial Liability Leverage Ratio		10.3 16.8		8.6 14.8	19.0% 13.6%
Interest on UAL - MVA Basis Interest Cost as Percent of Payroll	\$	87,725 45.5%	\$	90,782 44.5%	-3.4% 2.4%





Tier 2 Summary of Change in Funded Status and Related Ratios									
	Jur	ne 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2013	% Change				
Actuarial Liability									
Actives	\$	3,374	\$	688	390.4%				
Terminated Vested		117		4	2825.0%				
In Pay Status		0		0	N/A				
Total	\$	3,491	\$	692	404.5%				
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	4,146	\$	642	545.8%				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	3,950	\$	641	516.2%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - MVA Basis	\$	(655)	\$	50	-1410.0%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - AVA Basis	\$	(459)		51	-1000.0%				
Funding Ratio - MVA Basis		118.8%		92.8%	28.0%				
Funding Ratio - AVA Basis		113.1%		92.6%	22.2%				
Expected Payroll	\$	41,931	\$	21,603	94.1%				
Asset Leverage Ratio		0.1		0.0	232.7%				
Actuarial Liability Leverage Ratio		0.1		0.0	159.9%				
Interest on UAL - MVA Basis	\$	(46)	\$	4	-1364.8%				
Interest Cost as Percent of Payroll		-0.1%		0.0%	-751.6%				

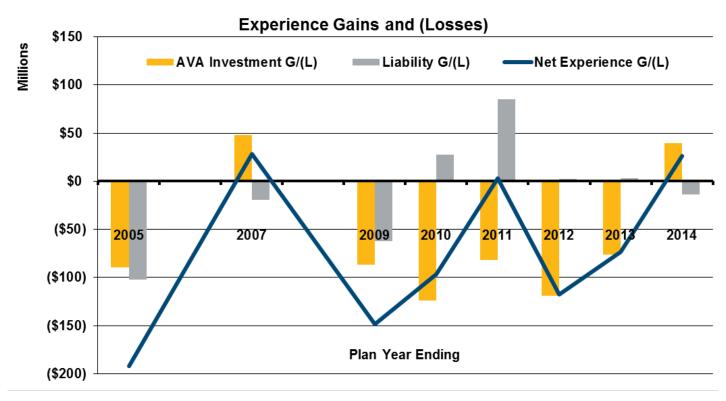




Components of Contribution Rates											
	Fiscal Year Ending 2016 Fiscal Year Ending 20										
	Member	City	Total	Member	Total						
Tier 1											
Normal Cost	6.14%	16.57%	22.71%	5.45%	14.68%	20.13%					
Administrative Expenses	0.19%	0.51%	0.70%	0.19%	0.51%	0.70%					
UAL	<u>0.00</u> %	<u>49.07</u> %	<u>49.07</u> %	<u>0.00</u> %	<u>45.06</u> %	<u>45.06</u> %					
Total	6.33%	66.15%	72.48%	5.64%	60.25%	65.89%					
Tier 2											
Normal Cost	5.39%	5.39%	10.78%	5.17%	5.17%	10.34%					
Administrative Expenses	0.35%	0.35%	0.70%	0.35%	0.35%	0.70%					
UAL	- <u>0.03</u> %	- <u>0.03</u> %	- <u>0.07</u> %	<u>0.01</u> %	<u>0.01</u> %	<u>0.01</u> %					
Total	5.71%	5.71%	11.41%	5.53%	5.53%	11.05%					



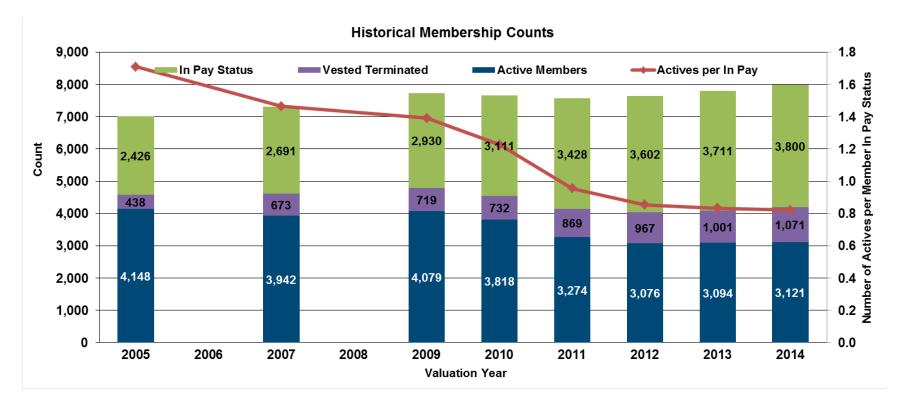




- This year:
 - First investment gain on the smoothed actuarial value of assets since 2007
 - First liability loss since 2009





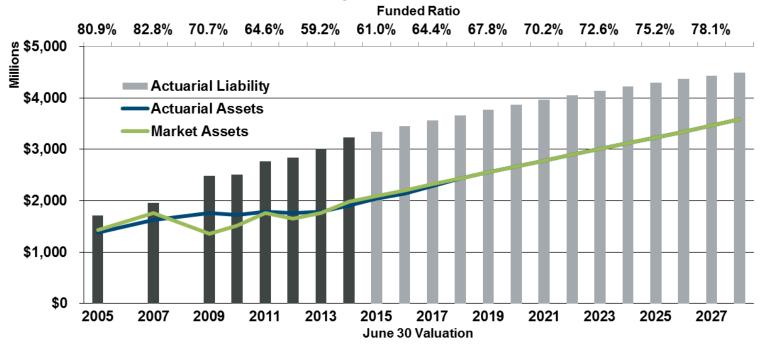


- The number of active members has declined 23% since 2009
- The number of members receiving benefits has increased 30% since 2009, so there are now only 0.8 active members for each member receiving benefits





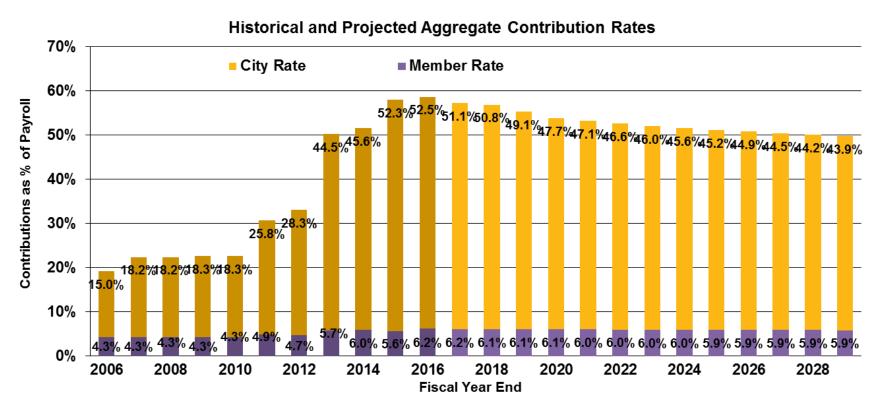
Historical and Projected Assets and Liabilities



- In 2007, the Plan was 83% funded based on the actuarial value of assets (and even higher based on the market)
- The steady decline in funded status due to the investment losses of 2009 has begun to reverse itself and funded status is expected to improve, if all assumptions are met





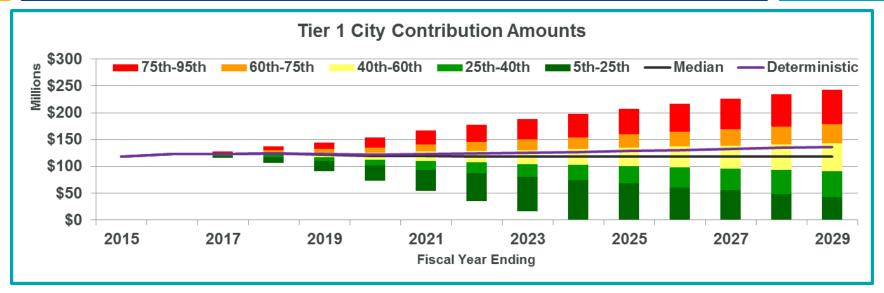


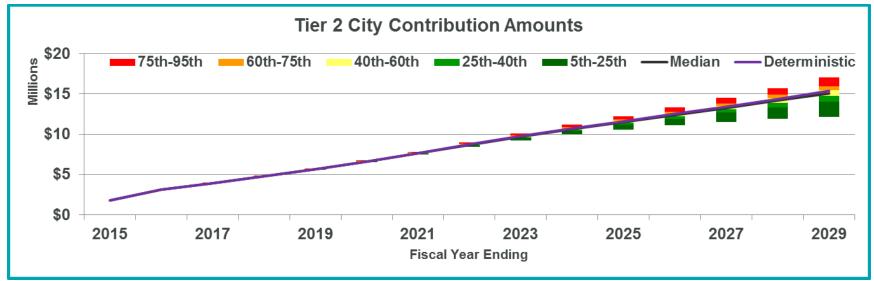
- The investment losses of 2009 along with assumption changes caused a significant increase in contribution rates beginning in FYE 2011
- Future contribution rates are expected to decline as Tier 2 members join the Plan and as the full investment gains from the last year are recognized



Projected Contribution Amounts



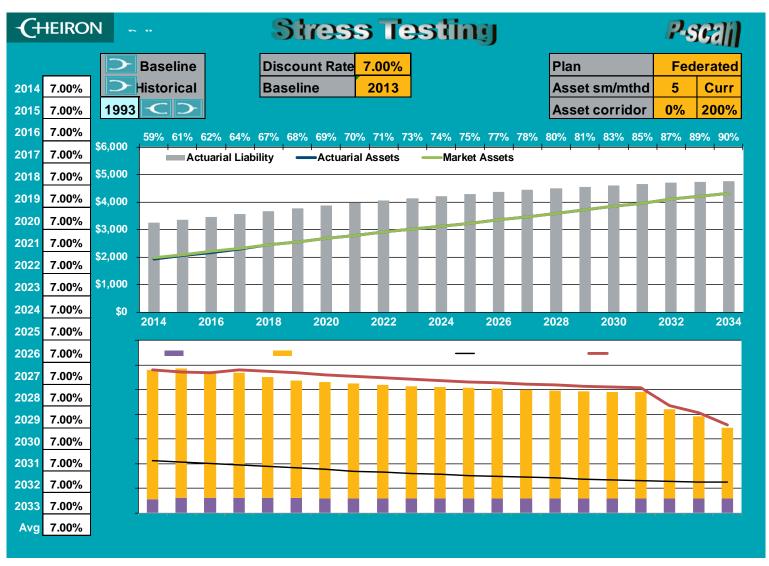






Stress Testing







Appendix - Certification



- The purpose of this presentation is to present the results of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation for the City of San José Federated City Employees Retirement System.
- In preparing our presentation, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the City of San José Department of Retirement Services. This information includes, but is not limited to, the plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23. A summary of the data, assumptions, methods, and plan provisions used to prepare the valuation results can be found in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation report.
- To the best of our knowledge, this presentation and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices that are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this presentation. This presentation does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.
- This presentation was prepared exclusively for the City of San José Federated City Employees
 Retirement System for the purpose described herein. This presentation is not intended to benefit
 any third party, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any such party.

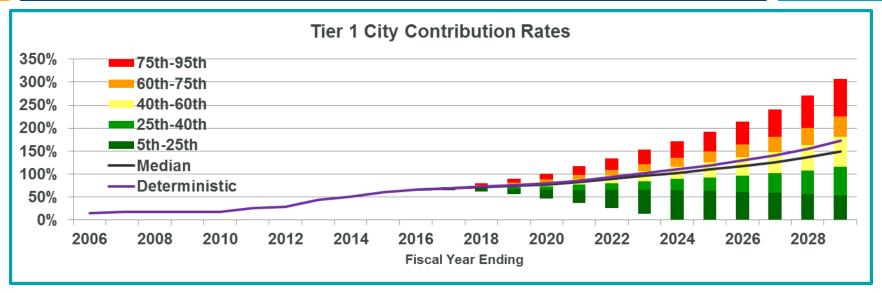
William R. Hallmark, ASA, FCA, EA, MAAA Consulting Actuary

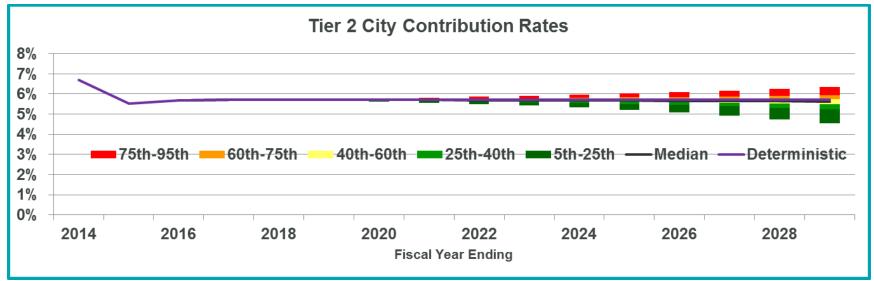
Gene Kalwarski, FSA, FCA, EA, MAAA Principal Consulting Actuary



Projected Contribution Rates











City of San José Federated City Employees' Retirement System

> June 30, 2014 Actuarial Valuation

Produced by Cheiron

January 14, 2015

Table of Contents

Letter of Transmittal i
Section I – Board Summary1
Section II – Certification
Section III – Assets
Section IV – Measures of Liability
Section V – Contributions
Section VI – Actuarial Section of the CAFR
Appendix A – Membership Information30
Appendix B – Actuarial Assumptions and Methods40
Appendix C – Summary of Plan Provisions50
Appendix D – Glossary of Terms





LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

January 14, 2015

Board of Administration City of San José Federated City Employees' Retirement System 1737 North 1st Street, Suite 580 San José, California 95112

Dear Members of the Board:

The purpose of this report is to present the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation of the City of San José Federated City Employees' Retirement System ("System"). The report includes:

- Measures of funded status,
- Analysis of changes since the prior valuation,
- Development of City and member contribution rates for the fiscal year ending (FYE) June 30, 2016, and
- Historical and projected trends.

This report is for the use of the Board of Administration and its auditors in preparing financial reports in accordance with applicable laws and accounting requirements.

If you have any questions about the report or would like additional information, please let us know.

Sincerely, Cheiron

William R. Hallmark, ASA, FCA, EA, MAAA Gene Kalwarski, FSA, FCA, EA, MAAA Consulting Actuary

Willie R. Hallank

Principal Consulting Actuary

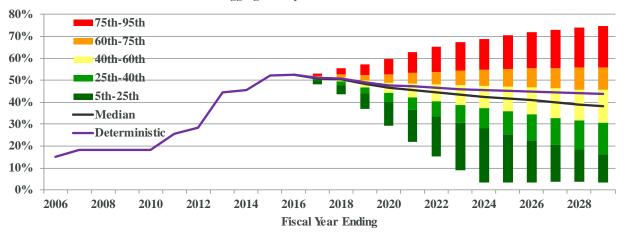


SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

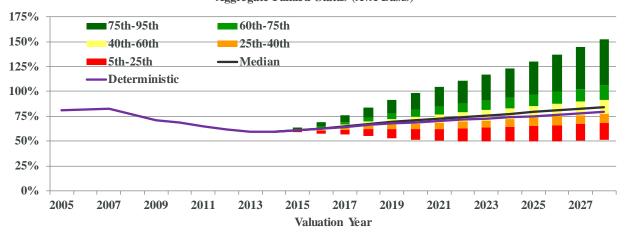
Highlights of this report are summarized in the tables and graphs below.

Aggregate Contributions		A 4 1 1 T 1 1 114	Funding Status				
	Fiscal Yea	ar Ending	Actuarial Liability		Valuati	ion Date	
	2016	2015			6/30/2014	6/30/2013	
Member Rate	6.19%	5.63%		Actuarial Liability	\$ 3,235	\$ 3,014	
City Rate	52.48%	52.31%	In Pay				
City BOY Amount	\$ 122.5	\$ 116.3	Status	Market Value of Assets	1,983	1,762	
			67%	UAL - Market Value	\$ 1,252	\$ 1,252	
Normal Cost Rate	20.70%	19.41%		Funded Percentage	61.3%	58.5%	
Interest on MV UAL	37.36%	40.21%					
Additional UAL Rate	0.60%	-1.68%	Active	Actuarial Value of Assets	1,912	1,783	
Total UAL Rate	37.96%	38.53%	Deferred 28%	UAL - Actuarial Value	\$ 1,323	\$ 1,231	
Total Rate	58.67%	57.94%		Funded Percentage	59.1%	59.2%	
			5%		Amounts	in Millions	

Aggregate City Contribution Rates



Aggregate Funded Status (AVA Basis)





SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Funded Status

This report measures assets and liabilities for funding purposes. Table I-1 below summarizes the actuarial liability, assets, and related ratios for each tier as of June 30, 2014. Tier 2 is relatively new, and consequently has very little impact on the measures for the total System.

Table I-1 Summary of Funded Status and Related Ratios by Tier									
		Tier 1		Tier 2		Total			
Actuarial Liability									
Actives	\$	899,918	\$	3,374	\$	903,292			
Deferred Vested		156,336		117		156,453			
In Pay Status		2,175,320		0		2,175,320			
Total	\$	3,231,574	\$	3,491	\$	3,235,065			
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	1,978,358	\$	4,146	\$	1,982,504			
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	1,907,822	\$	3,950	\$	1,911,772			
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - MVA Basis	\$	1,253,216	\$	(655)	\$	1,252,561			
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - AVA Basis	\$	1,323,752	\$	(459)	\$	1,323,293			
Funding Ratio - MVA Basis		61.2%		118.8%		61.3%			
Funding Ratio - AVA Basis		59.0%		113.1%		59.1%			
FYE 2015 Expected Payroll	\$	192,746	\$	41,931	\$	234,677			
Asset Leverage Ratio		10.3		0.1		8.4			
Actuarial Liability Leverage Ratio		16.8		0.1		13.8			
Interest on UAL - MVA Basis	\$	87,725	\$	(46)	\$	87,679			
Interest Cost as Percent of Payroll		45.5%		-0.1%		37.4%			

Dollar amounts in thousands

The market value of assets is greater than the actuarial value, so if assumptions are met in the future, we expect a decrease in contribution rates as the deferred asset gains are recognized in the actuarial value of assets.

The asset leverage ratio of 8.4 means that if the System experiences a 10% loss on assets compared to the discount rate of 7.0%, the loss would be equivalent to 84% of payroll. Interest payments on such a loss would be approximately 5.9% of payroll. Interest payments on the current UAL are approximately 37% of payroll. As the System becomes better funded, the asset leverage ratio will increase, and if it was 100% funded, the leverage ratio would be 13.8. This leverage ratio is high compared to other plans indicating that this plan is more sensitive to



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

investment gains and losses than other large public pension plans. By comparison, the median asset leverage ratio in our survey of California retirement systems was 6.7.

Table I-2 below compares the same measures for Tier 1 between June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013. The actuarial liability increased 7.3% while the market value of assets increased 12.3%. Because the System is approximately 59% funded, the unfunded actuarial liability measured on the market value of assets remained relatively level increasing from approximately \$1,252 million to \$1,253 million, and the funding ratio on an MVA basis increased from 58.4% to 61.2%.

Table I-2 Tier 1 Summary of Change in Funded Status and Related Ratios									
	June 30, 2014 June								
Actuarial Liability									
Actives	\$	899,918	\$	848,918	6.0%				
Terminated Vested		156,336		134,484	16.2%				
In Pay Status		2,175,320		2,029,670	<u>7.2</u> %				
Total	\$	3,231,574	\$	3,013,072	7.3%				
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	1,978,358	\$	1,760,904	12.3%				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	1,907,822	\$	1,782,629	7.0%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - MVA Basis	\$	1,253,216	\$	1,252,168	0.1%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - AVA Basis	\$	1,323,752	\$	1,230,443	7.6%				
Funding Ratio - MVA Basis		61.2%		58.4%	4.8%				
Funding Ratio - AVA Basis		59.0%		59.2%	-0.2%				
Expected Payroll	\$	192,746	\$	204,176	-5.6%				
Asset Leverage Ratio		10.3		8.6	19.0%				
Actuarial Liability Leverage Ratio		16.8		14.8	13.6%				
Interest on UAL - MVA Basis	\$	87,725	\$	90,782	-3.4%				
Interest Cost as Percent of Payroll		45.5%		44.5%	2.4%				

Dollar amounts in thousands

The increase in assets combined with the decrease in payroll for the closed Tier resulted in an increase in the asset leverage ratio from 8.6 to 10.3 indicating an increase in the sensitivity of Tier 1 to investment returns. The positive investment returns also reduced the interest cost on the UAL by approximately \$3.4 million, but due to the declining payroll for the closed tier, the interest cost as a percentage of payroll increased from 44.5% to 45.5% of payroll.



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Table I-3 below compares the same measures for Tier 2 between June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013. Because Tier 2 is new and growing rapidly, the actuarial liability increased 405% while the market value of assets increased 546%. The unfunded actuarial liability measured on the market value of assets decreased from approximately \$50 thousand to a surplus of \$655 thousand, and the funding ratio on an MVA basis increased from 92.8% to 118.8%.

Table I-3 Tier 2 Summary of Change in Funded Status and Related Ratios									
	Jun	e 30, 2014	Jun	e 30, 2013	% Change				
Actuarial Liability									
Actives	\$	3,374	\$	688	390.4%				
Terminated Vested		117		4	2825.0%				
In Pay Status		0		0	N/A				
Total	\$	3,491	\$	692	404.5%				
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	4,146	\$	642	545.8%				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	3,950	\$	641	516.2%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - MVA Basis	\$	(655)	\$	50	-1410.0%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability - AVA Basis	\$	(459)	\$	51	-1000.0%				
Funding Ratio - MVA Basis		118.8%		92.8%	28.0%				
Funding Ratio - AVA Basis		113.1%		92.6%	22.2%				
Expected Payroll	\$	41,931	\$	21,603	94.1%				
Asset Leverage Ratio		0.1		0.0	232.7%				
Actuarial Liability Leverage Ratio		0.1		0.0	159.9%				
Interest on UAL - MVA Basis	\$	(46)	\$	4	-1364.8%				
Interest Cost as Percent of Payroll		-0.1%		0.0%	-751.6%				

Dollar amounts in thousands

The asset leverage ratio for Tier 2 is negligible increasing from 0.0 to 0.1 indicating that Tier 2 contribution rates are not sensitive to investment returns. The positive investment returns reduced the interest cost on the UAL by approximately \$50 thousand, and reduced the interest cost as a percentage of payroll by 0.1% of payroll.



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Membership

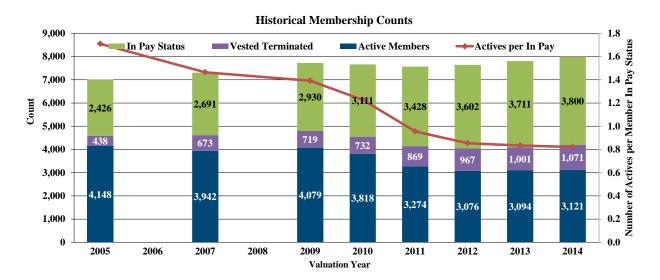
As shown in Table I-4 below, total membership grew 2.4% from 2013 to 2014, but the changes within categories of membership were significant. Active membership increased 0.9%, terminated vested membership increased 7.0%, and the number of members receiving benefits increased 2.4%. Total payroll increased by 3.9%, while the average pay per active member increased by 3.0%.

	Table Total Men				
	Jun	e 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2013	% Change
Active Members					
Tier 1		2,593		2,856	-9.2%
Tier 2		528		238	<u>121.8</u> %
Total Actives		3,121		3,094	0.9%
Terminated Vested Members					
Tier 1		1,026		994	3.2%
Tier 2		45		7	<u>542.9</u> %
Total Terminated Vesteds		1,071		1,001	7.0%
Members In Pay Status					
Service Retirees		3,113		3,033	2.6%
Beneficiaries		486		477	1.9%
Disabled Retirees		201		201	<u>0.0</u> %
Total In Pay Status		3,800		3,711	2.4%
Total Membership		7,992		7,806	2.4%
Active Member Payroll					
Tier 1	\$	199,794	\$	211,302	-5.4%
Tier 2		34,883		14,478	<u>140.9</u> %
Total	\$	234,677	\$	225,779	3.9%
Average Pay per Active Member					
Tier 1	\$	77.1	\$	74.0	4.1%
Tier 2		66.1		60.8	<u>8.6</u> %
Total	\$	75.2	\$	73.0	3.0%



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

As shown in the chart below, the number of active members has declined about 23% from 4,079 in 2009 to 3,121 in 2014. At the same time, the number of members in pay status has increased 30% from 2,930 in 2007 to 3,800 in 2014. As a result, the number of active members available to support each member in pay status has declined from approximately 1.4 in 2009 to 0.8 in 2014. This type of progression is to be expected for a maturing plan over a long period of time, but the impact of the recession accelerated the trend significantly. As there are fewer actives to support each retiree, contributions tend to become more volatile and sensitive to gains and losses.



Contribution Rates

The System's funding policy sets City contributions for Tier 1 equal to the sum of:

- A portion (8/11th) of the Service Normal Rate (Regular Current Service Rate) including administrative expenses.
- The Reciprocity Rate, which is the prefunding of the liability for reciprocal benefits with certain other California public pension plans.
- The Deficiency Rate, which is the amortization payment on the unfunded actuarial liability.
- The Golden Handshake Rate, which is the cost for funding the additional benefits granted in the past to certain retiring employees.

The unfunded actuarial liability as of June 30, 2009 (including the Golden Handshake) is amortized over 30 years from that date, and any subsequent gains or losses or assumption changes are amortized as part of the Deficiency Rate over 20 years from the valuation in which they are first recognized. The amortizations are a level percent of expected Tier 1 and Tier 2 payroll.

For Tier 2, City contributions equal 50% of the total contribution rate for Tier 2.



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Member contributions equal $3/11^{\text{th}}$ of the Service Normal Rate for Tier 1 and 50% of the total contribution rate for Tier 2.

Table I-5 below summarizes the member and City contribution rates for the fiscal years ending in 2015 and 2016. Tier 1 rates have increased slightly from 2015 to 2016, reflecting the assumption changes and the decline in Tier 1 payroll. Tier 2 rates have increased slightly largely due to the assumption changes.

Table I-5 Components of Contribution Rates								
	Fiscal Y	Fiscal Year Ending 2016			Fiscal Year Ending 2015			
	Member	City	Total	Member	City	Total		
Tier 1								
Normal Cost	6.14%	16.57%	22.71%	5.45%	14.68%	20.13%		
Administrative Expenses	0.19%	0.51%	0.70%	0.19%	0.51%	0.70%		
UAL	0.00%	<u>49.07</u> %	<u>49.07</u> %	0.00%	<u>45.06</u> %	<u>45.06</u> %		
Total	6.33%	66.15%	72.48%	5.64%	60.25%	65.89%		
Tier 2								
Normal Cost	5.39%	5.39%	10.78%	5.17%	5.17%	10.34%		
Administrative Expenses	0.35%	0.35%	0.70%	0.35%	0.35%	0.70%		
UAL	- <u>0.03</u> %	- <u>0.03</u> %	- <u>0.07</u> %	<u>0.01</u> %	<u>0.01</u> %	<u>0.01</u> %		
Total	5.71%	5.71%	11.41%	5.53%	5.53%	11.05%		

Dollar amounts in thousands

At its November 2014 meeting, the Board changed the wage inflation assumption from 2.00% for the next four years and 2.85% thereafter to 2.85% for all years. At its December 2014 meeting, the Board reduced the discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%. The impact of these changes is shown in Table I-6 on the following page.



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Table I-6 Impact of Assumption Changes								
		June 30, 2014						
		New		Old	% Change			
Actuarial Liability								
Actives	\$	903,293	\$	862,010	4.8%			
Deferred Vested		156,453		147,223	6.3%			
In Pay Status		2,175,320		2,122,429	2.5%			
Total	\$	3,235,065	\$	3,131,661	3.3%			
Total Normal Cost Rate								
Tier 1		22.71%		19.94%	13.9%			
Tier 2		10.78%		10.34%	4.3%			

Dollar amounts in thousands

The increase in wage inflation increased the projected benefits for active employees. Because costs are allocated as a level percentage of pay and future pay levels are expected to be higher, this change also shifted the allocation of the liability for active employee benefits toward later years of service.

The reduction in the discount rate increased the measure of liability for all members. The impact of the two changes is an increase in the actuarial liability of approximately 3.3%. The total normal cost rate, however, increased by 2.77% of pay for Tier 1 members and 0.44% of pay for Tier 2 members.

Table I-7 shows sources for the change in the Tier 1 contribution rates and the City's Tier 1 contribution amount from the rates and amount calculated in the prior report. The increase in the City's Tier 1 contribution rate is primarily due to assumption changes and the decreased payroll over which the UAL is spread. Payroll for Tier 1 is expected to decrease over time as members leave the system and new entrants join Tier 2.



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Table I-7 Reconciliation of Changes in Tier 1 Contribution Rates and Amounts							
	Member Rate	City Normal Cost	City UAL Rate	City Total Rate	Projected Payroll	BOY City Amount	
FYE 2015 Contribution	5.6%	15.2%	45.1%	60.3%	\$ 196,895	\$ 114,551	
Expected FYE 2016 Contribution	5.6%	15.2%	47.5%	62.7%	188,737	114,250	
Changes Due to:							
Investment experience	0.0%	0.0%	-1.8%	-1.8%	188,737	(3,244)	
Demographic experience	-0.1%	-0.1%	0.6%	0.5%	188,737	929	
Payroll Change	0.0%	0.0%	4.0%	4.0%	185,247	(508)	
Assumption Change	0.8%	2.0%	1.2%	3.2%	186,762	6,829	
Subtotal	0.7%	1.9%	4.0%	5.9%	186,762	\$ 4,006	
FYE 2016 Contribution	6.3%	17.1%	49.1%	66.2%	\$ 186,762	\$ 119,438	

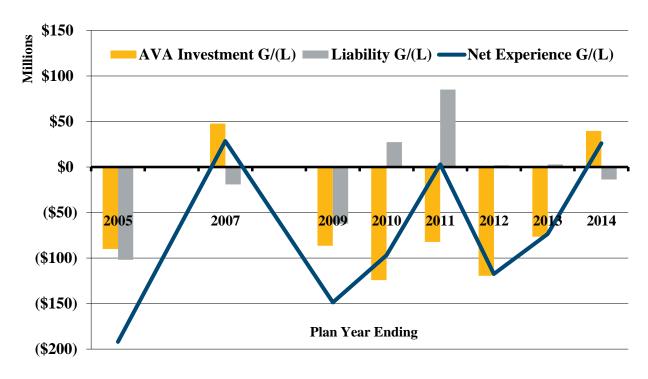
Dollar amounts in thousands

The chart on the following page puts the experience gains and losses in an historical perspective. It is worth noting that 2014 is the only year in the last 10 years other than 2007 in which there was an investment gain on the actuarial value of assets. The recent investment losses on the actuarial value of assets have been due to the five-year smoothing of the large losses experienced in 2009. This year is also the first year since 2009 in which there was an actuarial loss on the actuarial liability. The large gain in 2011 on the actuarial liability is due to the significant reductions in pay that year.



SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

SJFCERS Historical Gain/(Loss) 2005-2014



Historical and Projected Trends

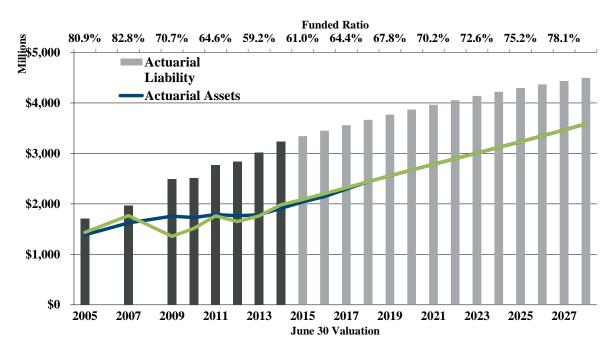
Despite the fact that most of the attention given to the valuation is with respect to the most recently computed unfunded actuarial liability, funding ratio, and the System's contribution rates, it is important to remember that each valuation is merely a snapshot of the long-term progress of a pension fund. It is more important to judge a current year's valuation result relative to historical trends, as well as trends expected into the future.

The chart below shows the historical and projected trends for assets (both market and smoothed actuarial) versus the actuarial liability, and also shows the progress of the funded ratios (based on the actuarial value of assets) since 2005. The historical actuarial liability is shown in dark gray while the projected actuarial liability is shown in a lighter gray. From 2007 to 2013, the funding ratio declined primarily because the plan experienced lower than expected investment returns on the actuarial value of assets and reduced its assumption of future investment returns. With the full recognition of the 2009 investment losses in the past, the funded status has stabilized, and if all assumptions are met in the future including an expected return of 7.00% each year, the funded status is expected to reach about 80% by 2029.



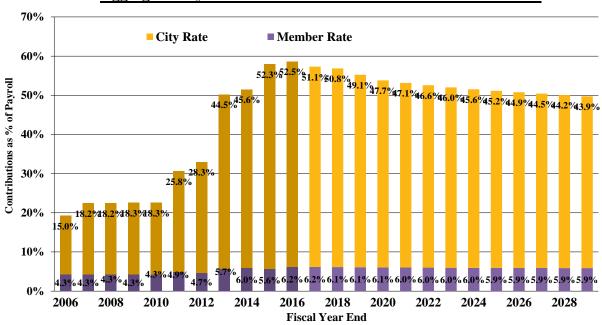
SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Assets and Actuarial Liability 2005-2028



The chart below shows the historical and projected trends for the System's aggregate contribution rates from the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006 through June 30, 2029. Historical rates and rates calculated through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 are shown in a darker shade than the projected future contribution rates.

Aggregate City and Member Contribution Rates FYE 2006-2029



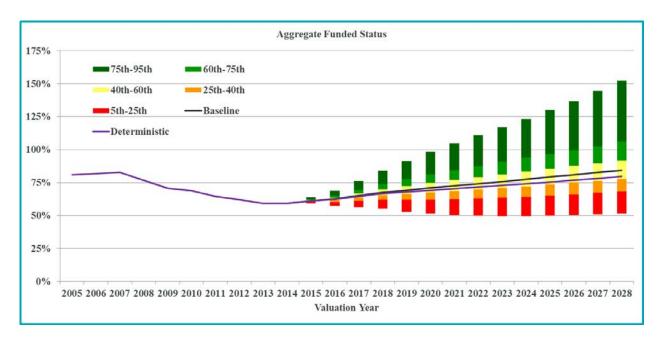


SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

The aggregate City contribution rate has increased dramatically since FYE 2010 primarily due to investment losses, assumption changes, and reductions in payroll that increased the UAL rate. In aggregate, the discount rate over this period has been reduced from 8.25% to 7.00%. With the investment losses from 2009 now fully recognized and the recent investment gains only partially recognized, future aggregate City contribution rates are expected to gradually decrease over time.

The projections shown above assume all assumptions are met each and every year in the future. We know that will not be the case. The charts below use a stochastic projection of future contribution rates based on Meketa's long-term expected investment return of 7.58% and standard deviation of 11.88%.

The chart below shows the projected funded status of the System, including both Tier 1 and Tier 2. For each year in the projection, the results of the 10,000 trials are rank ordered and the percentile ranges of the results are shown on the chart. The black line represents the median result and the purple line represents the historical funded status and the projected funded status based on all actuarial valuation assumptions being met. Since the valuation uses a discount rate of 7.00%, which is lower than Meketa's expected rate of return, the purple line projects a lower funded status than the median result.



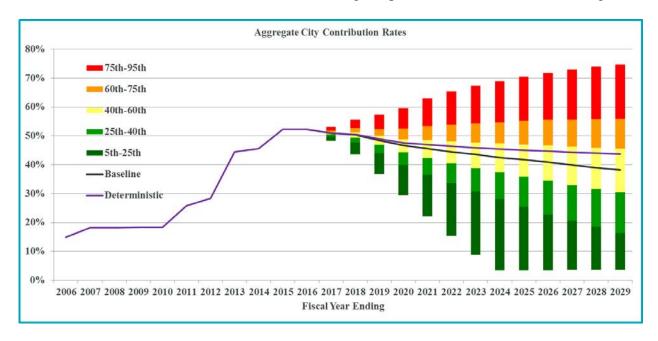
The projections of aggregate funded status assume that there are no changes to the benefits provided under the plan and that the City and members make whatever contributions are required by the contribution policy. As a result, in the best case scenarios, the funded status exceeds 150% while in the worst case scenarios, the funded status does not go below 50%.

The chart below shows the historical and projected aggregate City contribution rates for the same 10,000 trials. Again, the purple line is based on a 7.00% discount rate which results in expected



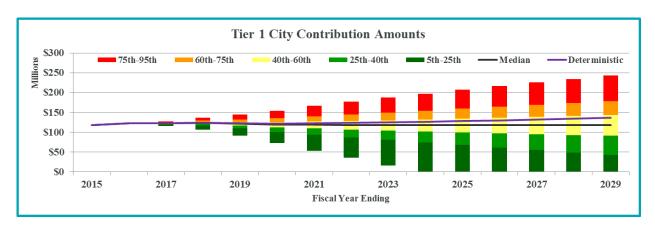
SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

contribution rates greater than the median using Meketa's expected return. The overall trend is for lower contribution rates in the future, but the range of potential contribution rates is large.



In the worst scenarios, the City's aggregate contribution rate can exceed 70% of payroll. In the best scenarios, the City's Tier 1 rate can drop to 0%, leaving a relatively small Tier 2 rate for the City. For the fiscal year ending 2021 (based on the 2019 valuation), the range from the 5th to 95th percentile for City's aggregate contribution rate is from 22% of pay to 63% of pay.

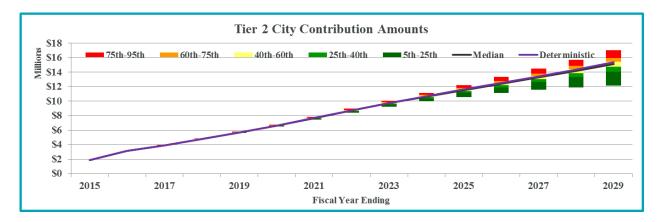
With declining payroll for the closed Tier 1, projections of contribution rates are not meaningful. As a result, the projections shown below show the projected range of City contribution amounts for Tier 1. For the fiscal year ending 2021 (based on the 2019 valuation), the range from the 5th to 95th percentile for City's Tier 1 contribution is from \$54 million to \$167 million. By the end of the projection period, the range extends up to \$240 million.





SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Because Tier 2 is relatively young and growing rapidly, the contribution amounts are much less sensitive to investment returns. By the end of the projection period, the range from the 5th to 95th percentile for City's Tier 2 contribution is only from \$12 million to \$17 million. Tier 2 member contributions are identical to the City's contributions.





SECTION II CERTIFICATION

The purpose of this report is to present the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation of the City of San José Federated City Employees' Retirement System ("System"). This report is for the use of the System and the City of San José.

In preparing our report, we relied on information, some oral and some written, supplied by the Plan. This information includes, but is not limited to, the plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23.

The wage inflation and discount rate assumptions in this report were adopted by the Board of Administration with our input at the November 20, 2014 and December 18, 2014 Board meetings respectively. All other assumptions were adopted at the October 20, 2011 Board meeting based on recommendations from our experience study covering plan experience during the period from July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010.

The funding ratios in this report are for the purpose of establishing contribution rates. These measures are not appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; and, changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

To the best of our knowledge, this report and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices that are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board. The schedules provided for financial reporting purposes have been prepared in accordance with our understanding of generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the GASB. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this report. This report does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

This report was prepared for the System for the purposes described herein. This report is not intended to benefit any third party, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any such party.

William R. Hallmark, ASA, FCA, EA, MAAA Consulting Actuary Gene Kalwarski, FSA, FCA, EA, MAAA Principal Consulting Actuary



SECTION III ASSETS

The System uses and discloses two different asset measurements which are presented in this section of the report: market value and actuarial value of assets. The market value represents the value of the assets if they were liquidated on the valuation date. The actuarial value of assets is a value that smoothes annual investment returns over multiple years to reduce the impact of short-term investment volatility on employer contribution rates. The market value of assets is used primarily for reporting and disclosure, and the actuarial value of assets is used primarily to determine contribution rates.

This section shows the changes in the market value of assets and develops the actuarial value of assets.

Statement of Change in Market Value of Assets

Table III-1 shows the changes in the market value of assets for the current and prior fiscal years for each tier.

	Table III-1 Change in Market Value of Assets												
	Fisca	l Ye	ar Ending	2014	Fiscal Year Ending 2013								
	Tier 1 Tier 2 Total		Tier 1		Tier 2	Total							
Beginning Market Value	\$ 1,760,904	\$	642	\$ 1,761,546	\$ 1,649,249	\$	0	\$ 1,649,249					
Contributions													
Member	11,944		1,652	13,596	12,338		315	12,653					
City	101,160		1,652	102,812	102,795		315	103,110					
Total	\$ 113,104	\$	3,304	\$ 116,408	\$ 115,133	\$	630	\$ 115,763					
Net Investment Earnings	263,281		406	263,687	146,353		12	146,365					
Benefit Payments	(155,839)		(97)	(155,936)	(146,807)		0	(146,807)					
Administrative Expenses	(3,092)		(109)	(3,201)	(3,024)		0	(3,024)					
Market Value, End of Year	\$ 1,978,358	\$	4,146	\$ 1,982,504	\$ 1,760,904	\$	642	\$ 1,761,546					
Estimated Rate of Return	14.7%		18.5%	14.7%	8.7%		8.7%	8.7%					

Dollar amounts in thousands

The net investment earnings for the year ended June 30, 2014 represent approximately a 14.7% return on the market value of assets compared to an assumed return of 7.25%. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the net investment return was approximately 8.7% (7.25% was assumed).

Actuarial Value of Assets

To determine on-going funding requirements, most pension funds utilize an actuarial value of assets that differs from the market value of assets. The actuarial value of assets is based on smoothing year-to-year market value returns for purposes of reducing the resulting volatility on contributions.



SECTION III ASSETS

The actuarial value of assets is calculated by recognizing the deviation of actual investment returns compared to the expected return (7.25% for 2013-2014, 7.50% for 2011-2013, 7.95% for 2010-2011) over a five-year period. The dollar amount of the expected return on the market value of assets is determined using actual contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expenses during the year. Any difference between this amount and the actual net investment earnings is considered a gain or loss. Table III-2 below shows the calculation of the actuarial value of assets separately for Tier 1 and Tier 2. For each of the last four years, it shows the actual earnings, the expected earnings, the gain or loss and the portion of the gain or loss that is not recognized in the current actuarial value of assets. These deferred amounts will be recognized in future years.

	Table III-2 Development of Actuarial Value of Assets											
		Develop	mei		ria	al Value of A	Asse	ts		Tier 2		
	_	D .		Tier 1		TD ()		D. I	TD 4.1			
		Basic		COLA		Total		Basic		COLA		Total
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	1,429,727	\$	548,631	\$	1,978,358	\$	3,796	\$	350	\$	4,146
FYE 2014												
Actual Earnings	\$	193,556	\$	69,725	\$	263,281	\$	374	\$	32	\$	406
Expected Earnings		93,765		36,000		129,765		150		13		163
Investment Gain or (Loss)		99,791		33,725		133,516		224		19		243
Deferred (80%)	\$	79,833	\$	26,980	\$	106,813	\$	180	\$	15	\$	195
FYE 2013												
Actual Earnings	\$	109,541	\$	36,812	\$	146,353	\$	12	\$	1	\$	13
Expected Earnings	Ψ	92,786	Ψ	33,568	Ψ	126,354	Ψ	10	Ψ	1	Ψ	11
Investment Gain or (Loss)	_	16,755	_	3,244	_	19,999		2	_	0	_	2
Deferred (60%)	\$	10,053	\$	1,946	\$	11,999	\$	1	\$	0	\$	1
` ´		,		,		,			·		·	
FYE 2012 Actual Earnings	\$	(51,611)	¢	(17,290)	¢	(68,901)	•	0	\$	0	\$	0
Expected Earnings	φ	98,323	φ	35,470	φ	133,793	φ	0	φ	0	φ	0
Investment Gain or (Loss)	_	(149,934)	_	(52,760)	-	(202,694)	_	0	_	0	_	0
Deferred (40%)	\$	(59,974)		(32,700) $(21,104)$		(81,078)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
` ´	Ψ	(37,771)	Ψ	(21,101)	Ψ	(01,070)	Ψ	Ü	Ψ	O	Ψ	Ü
FYE 2011	Φ	010 150	ф	71 152	Φ	204.212	Φ	0	Φ	0	ф	0
Actual Earnings Expected Earnings	\$	213,159 87,954	\$	71,153 32,355	\$	284,312 120,309	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
•	_		_		_		_		_	0	_	
Investment Gain or (Loss)	Φ	125,205	Φ	38,798	Φ	164,003	¢	0	\$		\$	0
Deferred (20%)	\$	25,041		7,760	\$	32,801	\$		·	0	·	0
Total Deferred Gain or (Loss)	\$	54,954	\$	15,582	\$	70,536	\$	181	\$	15	\$	196
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	1,374,773	\$	533,049	\$	1,907,822	\$	3,615	\$	335	\$	3,950
Ratio of Actuarial to Market		96.2%		97.2%		96.4%		95.2%		95.8%		95.3%
Estimated Rate of Return		9.7%		8.8%		9.4%		9.7%		9.3%		9.7%



SECTION III ASSETS

On an actuarial value of assets basis, the aggregate return for the year ending June 30, 2014 was 9.4%, more than the assumed return of 7.25%, but less than the return on the market value of assets. This return produced an investment gain of \$39.7 million for the year ending June 30, 2014.



SECTION IV MEASURES OF LIABILITY

This section presents detailed information on liability measures for the System for funding purposes, including:

- Present value of future benefits,
- Actuarial liability,
- Normal cost, and
- Analysis of changes in the unfunded actuarial liability during the year.

Present Value of Future Benefits: The present value of future benefits represents the expected amount of money needed today to pay off all benefits both earned as of the valuation date and expected to be earned in the future by current plan members under the current plan provisions. Table IV-1 below shows the present value of future benefits as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 separately by Tier.

Table IV-1 Present Value of Future Benefits											
	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013										
		Basic		COLA		Total		Total	% Change		
Tier 1											
Actives	\$	897,063	\$	326,136	\$	1,223,199	\$	1,151,103	6.3%		
Deferred Vested		113,847		42,489		156,336		134,484	16.2%		
In Pay Status		1,290,480		884,840		2,175,320		2,029,670	<u>7.2</u> %		
Tier 1 Total	\$	2,301,390	\$	1,253,465	\$	3,554,855	\$	3,315,257	7.2%		
Tier 2											
Actives	\$	35,224	\$	4,382	\$	39,606	\$	13,927	184.4%		
Deferred Vested		116		1		117		4	2825.0%		
Tier 2 Total	\$	35,340	\$	4,383	\$	39,723	\$	13,931	185.1%		
Total	\$	2,336,730	\$	1,257,848	\$	3,594,578	\$	3,329,188	8.0%		



SECTION IV MEASURES OF LIABILITY

Actuarial Liability

The actuarial liability represents the expected amount of money needed today to pay for benefits attributed to service prior to the valuation date under the Entry Age actuarial cost method. It is also the difference between the present value of future benefits and the present value of future normal costs. Table IV-2 below shows the actuarial liability as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 separately by Tier.

			Table I Actuarial Li	. –				
		Ju	ne 30, 2014			Ju	ne 30, 2013	
	Basic		COLA		Total		Total	% Change
Tier 1								
Actives								
Retirement	\$ 620,244	\$	226,102	\$	846,346	\$	793,177	6.7%
Termination	12,097		8,445		20,542		22,687	-9.5%
Death	10,677		3,433		14,110		13,971	1.0%
Disability	 14,243		4,677		18,920		19,083	- <u>0.9</u> %
Total Actives	\$ 657,261	\$	242,657	\$	899,918	\$	848,918	6.0%
Deferred Vested	\$ 113,847	\$	42,489	\$	156,336	\$	134,484	16.2%
In Pay Status								
Retirees	\$ 1,187,368	\$	790,010	\$	1,977,378	\$	1,846,327	7.1%
Beneficiaries	61,636		59,651		121,287		110,478	9.8%
Disabled	 41,476		35,178		76,654		72,865	<u>5.2</u> %
Total In Pay Status	\$ 1,290,480	\$	884,839	\$	2,175,319	\$	2,029,670	7.2%
Tier 1 Total	\$ 2,061,588	\$	1,169,985	\$	3,231,573	\$	3,013,072	7.3%
Tier 2								
Actives								
Retirement	\$ 2,368	\$	318	\$	2,686	\$	464	478.9%
Termination	410		17		427		155	175.5%
Death	25		-		25		17	47.1%
Disability	 208		29	_	237		52	<u>355.8</u> %
Total Actives	\$ 3,011	\$	364	\$	3,375	\$	688	390.6%
Deferred Vested	116		1		117		4	2825.0%
Tier 2 Total	\$ 3,127	\$	365	\$	3,492	\$	692	404.6%
System Total	\$ 2,064,715	\$	1,170,350	\$	3,235,065	\$	3,013,764	7.3%



SECTION IV MEASURES OF LIABILITY

Normal Cost

Under the Entry Age (EA) actuarial cost method, the present value of future benefits for each individual is spread over the individual's expected working career under the Plan as a level percentage of the individual's expected pay. The normal cost rate is determined by taking the value, as of entry age into the Plan, of each member's projected future benefits divided by the value, also at entry age, of the each member's expected future salary. The normal cost rate is multiplied by current salary to determine each member's normal cost. The normal cost of the System is the sum of the normal costs for each individual in the System. The normal cost represents the expected amount of money needed to fund the benefits attributed to the next year of service under the Entry Age actuarial cost method. In addition, administrative expenses are added to the EA normal cost rate to get the total normal cost rate. Table IV-3 below shows the EA normal cost and Total normal cost rates as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 separately by Tier.

			Table I Normal					
		Jun	e 30, 2014			Jur	ne 30, 2013	
	Basic	COLA			Total	% Change		
Tier 1								
Retirement	\$ 23,478	\$	8,495	\$	31,973	\$	29,758	7.4%
Termination	4,898		1,239		6,137		5,908	3.9%
Death	914		327		1,241		1,205	3.0%
Disability	1,857		720		2,577		2,505	2.9%
Reciprocity	 280		106		386		311	<u>24.1</u> %
Total	\$ 31,427	\$	10,887	\$	42,314	\$	39,687	6.6%
Expected Payroll	\$ 186,335	\$	186,335	\$	186,335	\$	197,155	-5.5%
Normal Cost Rate	16.87%		5.84%		22.71%		20.13%	12.8%
Admin Expense	<u>0.51</u> %		<u>0.19</u> %		<u>0.70</u> %		<u>0.70</u> %	0.0%
Total Rate	17.38%		6.03%		23.41%		20.83%	12.4%
Tier 2								
Retirement	\$ 2,318	\$	312	\$	2,630	\$	981	168.1%
Termination	383		22		405		171	136.8%
Death	21		0		21		34	-38.2%
Disability	269		38		307		119	<u>158.0</u> %
Total	\$ 2,991	\$	372	\$	3,363	\$	1,305	157.7 %
Expected Payroll	\$ 31,189	\$	31,189	\$	31,189	\$	12,628	147.0%
Normal Cost Rate	9.59%		1.19%		10.78%		10.34%	4.3%
Admin Expense	<u>0.64</u> %		<u>0.06</u> %		<u>0.70</u> %		<u>0.70</u> %	<u>0.0</u> %
Total Rate	10.23%		1.25%		11.48%		11.04%	4.0%



SECTION IV MEASURES OF LIABILITY

Analysis of Changes in the Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The UAL of any retirement plan is expected to change at each subsequent valuation for a variety of reasons. In each valuation, we report on those elements of change in the UAL that have particular significance or could potentially affect the long-term financial outlook of the System. Table IV-4 on the following page summarizes the key changes in the UAL since the last valuation.

Table IV-4 Development of 2014 Experience Gain/(Loss)										
		Tier 1		Tier 2		Total				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2013 Expected unfunded accrued liability payment Interest Assumption Changes Expected Unfunded Actuarial Liability, June 30, 2014 Actual Unfunded Liability, June 30, 2014 Experience Gain or (Loss):	\$ \$	1,230,443 (68,756) 84,222 103,289 1,349,198 1,323,751 25,447	\$ 	51 0 4 115 170 (459) 629	\$ \$	1,230,494 (68,756) 84,226 103,404 1,349,368 1,323,292 26,076				
Portion due to investment gain or (loss) Portion due to salary changes Portion due to retirement Portion due to termination Portion due to mortality Portion due to other experience Total	\$ \$	39,681 (15,209) (13,063) 1,289 8,750 3,999 25,447	\$	55 0 0 0 0 574 629	\$	39,736 (15,209) (13,063) 1,289 8,750 4,573 26,076				



SECTION V CONTRIBUTIONS

Under the contribution allocation procedure employed by the System, there are two components to the contribution: the normal cost and an amortization payment on the unfunded actuarial liability. The normal cost rate was developed in Section IV. This section develops the UAL contribution rate.

The difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets is the unfunded actuarial liability. The UAL is made up of the unamortized UAL as of June 30, 2013 plus the impact of the 2014 experience, the 2014 assumption changes and the 2013 UAL payment that is made by the City on July 1, 2014.

Table V-1(a) provides the payment schedule to amortize the Tier 1 unfunded liability as of June 30, 2009 over 30 years, and any additional actuarial gains/(losses), assumption or method changes after June 30, 2009 over 20 years. The amortizations are a level percent of expected Tier 1 and Tier 2 payroll. Table V-1(b) provides the payment schedule to amortize the Tier 2 unfunded liability as of June 30, 2013, and any additional actuarial gains/(losses), assumption or method changes after June 30, 2013 over 20 years.



SECTION V CONTRIBUTIONS

	UA]	Table V L Amortiza	'-1(a) tion - Tier 1									
	Ου	ıtstanding	Remaining		Paym	ent						
]	Balance	Period	\$	Amount	% of Pay						
Basic Retirement Benefit												
Golden Handshake	\$	16,967	25	\$	1,121	0.62%						
2009 UAL		607,956	25		40,174	22.25%						
2010 (Gain) or Loss		46,367	16		4,103	2.27%						
2010 Assumption Change		(37,247)	16		(3,296)	(1.83%)						
2011 (Gain) or Loss		9,192	17		779	0.43%						
2011 Assumption Changes		114,773	17		9,729	5.39%						
2012 (Gain) or Loss		(190,159)	18		(15,493)	(8.58%)						
SRBR Elimination		(42,593)	18		(3,470)	(1.92%)						
2013 (Gain) or Loss		51,473	19		4,043	2.24%						
2013 Assumption Changes		31,902	19		2,506	1.39%						
2014 (Gain) or Loss		(23,088)	20		(1,753)	-0.97%						
2014 Assumption Changes		59,371	20		4,507	2.50%						
7/1/2014 Payment		41,899			0	0.00%						
Total	\$	686,814		\$	42,950	23.79%						
Cost of Living Benefit												
Golden Handshake	\$	4,126	25	\$	273	0.15%						
2009 UAL	ŕ	148,880	25	12	9,838	5.45%						
2010 (Gain) or Loss		3,379	16		299	0.17%						
2010 Assumption Change		(20,677)	16		(1,830)	(1.01%)						
2011 (Gain) or Loss		(12,136)	17		(1,029)	(0.57%)						
2011 Assumption Changes		69,177	17		5,864	3.25%						
2012 (Gain) or Loss		306,062	18		24,937	13.81%						
2013 (Gain) or Loss		21,516	19		1,690	0.94%						
2013 Assumption Changes		31,279	19		2,457	1.36%						
2014 (Gain) or Loss		(2,359)	20		(179)	-0.10%						
2014 Assumption Changes		43,918	20		3,334	1.85%						
7/1/2014 Payment		43,772			0	0.00%						
Total	\$	636,937		\$	45,653	25.29%						

Dollar amounts in thousands

88,603

49.07%



\$ 1,323,751

Total

SECTION V CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-1 (b) UAL Amortization - Tier 2											
	Outs	standing	Remaining		Paym	ent					
	Ba	alance	Period	\$ A 1	mount	% of Pay					
Basic Retirement Benefit											
2013 (Gain) or Loss	\$	41	19	\$	3	0.01%					
2013 Assumption Changes		1	19		0	0.00%					
2014 (Gain) or Loss		(629)	20		(48)	-0.09%					
2014 Assumption Changes		95	20		7	0.01%					
7/1/2014 Payment		3			0	0.00%					
Total	\$	(489)		\$	(37)	-0.07%					
Cost of Living Benefit											
2013 (Gain) or Loss	\$	10	19	\$	1	0.00%					
2013 Assumption Changes		(1)	19		(0)	0.00%					
2014 (Gain) or Loss		1	20		0	0.00%					
2014 Assumption Changes		19	20		1	0.00%					
7/1/2014 Payment		1			0	0.00%					
Total	\$	30		\$	2	0.00%					
Total	\$	(459)		\$	(35)	-0.07%					

Dollar amounts in thousands

Tier 1 members pay 3/11ths of the EA normal cost (including administrative expenses, but excluding reciprocity normal cost). For Tier 1, the City pays 8/11ths of the EA normal cost (including administrative expenses, but excluding reciprocity normal cost) plus the reciprocity normal cost and the UAL payments shown above.

For Tier 2, members and the City each pay half of the EA normal cost, half of administrative expenses, and half of the UAL payments. Table V-2 shows the components of the contribution rates for FYE 2016 and 2015.



SECTION V CONTRIBUTIONS

		Table V-2 ribution F				
	Fisca	l Year 201	5-16	Fisca	l Year 201	4-15
	Basic	COLA	Basic	COLA	Total	
<u>Tier 1</u> Member Rate	4.70%	1.63%	6.33%	4.27%	1.37%	5.64%
City Service Normal Rate	12.53%	4.34%	16.87%	11.38%	3.65%	15.03%
City Reciprocity Normal Rate	0.15%	0.06%	0.21%	0.11%	0.05%	0.16%
City Normal Rate	12.68%	4.40%	17.08%	11.49%	3.70%	15.19%
City Deficiency Rate City Golden Handshake Rate City UAL Rate	23.17% 0.62% 23.79%	25.13% 0.15% 25.29%	48.30% <u>0.77%</u> 49.07%	21.42% 0.61% 22.04%	22.87% <u>0.15%</u> 23.02%	44.30% <u>0.76%</u> 45.06%
City Rate	36.47%	29.68%	66.15%	33.53%	26.72%	60.25%
<u>Tier 2</u>						
Member Normal Rate	5.12%	0.62%	5.74%	4.97%	0.55%	5.52%
Member UAL Rate	<u>-0.04%</u>	0.00%	<u>-0.03%</u>	0.01%	0.00%	0.01%
Member Rate	5.08%	0.62%	5.71%	4.98%	0.55%	5.53%
City Normal Rate City UAL Rate City Rote	5.12% -0.04%	0.62% 0.00%	5.74% -0.03%	4.97% 0.01%	0.55% 0.00%	5.52% 0.01% 5.53%
City Rate	5.08%	0.62%	5.71%	4.98%	0.55%	5.53%



SECTION V CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-3 shows the City's contribution dollar amounts for FYE 2016 assuming contributions are made at the beginning of the fiscal year. To the extent contributions are made after the beginning of the fiscal year, the amounts should be increased at an annual rate of 7.00 percent.

Table V-3 City Contribution Amounts (BOY)												
			Jul	y 1, 2015	5			July 1, 2014				
		Basic	(COLA		Total		Basic	(COLA		Total
<u>Tier 1</u>												
City Service Normal Cost	\$	22,623	\$	7,833	\$	30,455	\$	21,636	\$	6,940	\$	28,576
City Reciprocity Normal Cost	_	271	_	108	_	379		209	_	95		304
City Normal Cost	\$	22,894	\$	7,941	\$	30,835	\$	21,845	\$	7,035	\$	28,880
City Deficiency Cost	\$	41,829	\$	45,381	\$	87,209	\$	40,730	\$	43,488	\$	84,218
City Golden Handshake Cost		1,121		273		1,394		1,169		284		1,453
City UAL Cost	\$	42,950	\$	45,653	\$	88,603	\$	41,899	\$	43,772	\$	85,671
City Contribution	\$	65,844	\$	53,594	\$	119,438	\$	63,744	\$	50,807	\$	114,551
Tier 2												
City Normal Cost	\$	2,703	\$	327	\$	3,030	\$	1,605	\$	178	\$	1,782
City UAL Cost		(19)	_	1		(18)	_	2		0		2
City Contribution	\$	2,684	\$	328	\$	3,012	\$	1,606	\$	178	\$	1,784



SECTION VI ACTUARIAL SECTION OF THE CAFR

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) maintains a checklist of items to be included in the System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) in order to receive recognition for excellence in financial reporting. The schedules in this section are listed by the GFOA for inclusion in the Actuarial Section of the System's CAFR.

	Table VI-1 Schedule of Funding Progress												
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Liability (AL)	Unfunded AL	Funded Ratio	_	Covered Payroll	Unfunded AL as a % of Covered Payroll						
6/30/2014 7	\$ 1,911,773	\$ 3,235,065	\$ 1,323,292	59%	\$	234,677	564%						
6/30/2013 6	1,783,270	3,013,763	1,230,493	59%		225,779	545%						
6/30/2012 5	1,762,973	2,841,000	1,078,027	62%		225,859	477%						
6/30/2011 4	1,788,660	2,770,227	981,567	65%		228,936	429%						
6/30/2010 3	1,729,413	2,510,358	780,945	69%		300,811	260%						
6/30/2009 2	1,756,558	2,486,155	729,597	71%		323,020	226%						
6/30/2007	1,622,851	1,960,943	338,092	83%		291,405	116%						
6/30/2005 1	1,384,454	1,711,370	326,916	81%		286,446	114%						

Amounts prior to 6/30/2010 were calculated by the prior actuary

Demographic assumption changes increased AL by \$83 million.

Demographic and economic assumption changes, including reducing the discount rate from 8.25% to 7.75% increased the AL by \$229 million



Increasing the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.95% decreased the AL by \$59 million.

Demographic and economic assumption changes, including reducing the discount rate from 7.95% to 7.5% increased the AL by \$188 million

Elimination of the Supplemental Retirement Benefit Reserve reduced the AL by \$43 million

Reducing the discount rate from 7.5% to 7.25% and wage inflation to 2% for 5 years and 2.85% thereafter increased the AL by \$64 million

Reducing the discount rate from 7.25% to 7.0% and eliminating the temporary 2% wage inflation increased the AL by \$103 million

SECTION VI ACTUARIAL SECTION OF THE CAFR

			Table VI-2 Solvency Test				
	A	ctuarial Liability	for	_			
	(A)	(B)	(C)				
		Retirees,	Remaining		Portio	n of Actua	rial
Actuarial	Active	Beneficiaries	Active		Liabi	ility Cover	ed
Valuation	Member	and Other	Members'	Reported	by Re	ported Ass	sets
Date	Contribution	ns Inactives	Liabilities	Assets	(A)	(B)	(C)
6/30/2014	\$ 233,289	9 \$ 2,331,656	\$ 670,120	\$ 1,911,773	100%	72%	0%
6/30/2013	234,21	7 2,164,153	615,393	1,783,270	100%	72%	0%
6/30/2012	234,619	2,001,498	604,883	1,762,973	100%	76%	0%
6/30/2011	234,574	1,848,254	687,400	1,788,660	100%	84%	0%
6/30/2010	242,94	1,504,698	762,716	1,729,413	100%	99%	0%
6/30/2009	228,96	7 1,393,114	864,074	1,756,558	100%	100%	16%
6/30/2007	214,52	7 1,003,001	743,415	1,622,851	100%	100%	55%
6/30/2005	230,02	824,043	657,300	1,384,454	100%	100%	50%

Amounts prior to 6/30/2010 were calculated by the prior actuary

Dollar amounts in thousands

	Table VI-3 Analysis of Financial Experience									
Actuarial Valuation Date	Gain or (Loss) for Year Ending on Valuation Date Due To: Combined Total Investment Liability Financial Non-Recurring Total Income Experience Experience Items Experience									Total
6/30/2014 6/30/2013 6/30/2012 6/30/2011 6/30/2010	\$	39,675 (76,502) (119,331) (82,166) (124,137)	\$	(13,600) 2,899 2,023 83,403 45,785	\$	26,075 (73,603) (117,308) 1,237 (78,352)	\$	(103,404) (63,668) 43,109 (187,548) (18,467)	\$	(77,329) (137,271) (74,199) (186,311) (96,819)



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-1 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Active Member Data

	J	une 30, 2014	J	une 30, 2013	% Change
<u>Tier 1</u>					
Count		2,593		2,856	-9.2%
Average Current Age		47.6		46.8	1.7%
Average Eligibility Service		14.1		13.1	7.6%
Average Benefit Service		13.8		12.9	7.0%
Annual Expected Pensionable Earnings	\$	199,794,046	\$	211,301,632	-5.4%
Average Expected Pensionable Earnings	\$	77,051	\$	73,985	4.1%
Tier 2					
Count		528		238	121.8%
Average Current Age		36.3		35.8	1.4%
Average Eligibility Service		1.1		0.8	37.5%
Average Tier 2 Benefit Service		0.8		0.4	100.0%
Average Total Benefit Service*		1.1		0.8	37.5%
Annual Expected Pensionable Earnings	\$	34,883,085	\$	14,477,583	140.9%
Average Expected Pensionable Earnings	\$	66,066	\$	60,830	8.6%
<u>Total</u>					
Count		3,121		3,094	0.9%
Average Current Age		45.7		45.9	-0.4%
Average Eligibility Service		11.9		12.2	-2.5%
Average Benefit Service		11.7		11.9	-1.7%
Annual Expected Pensionable Earnings	\$	234,677,131	\$	225,779,216	3.9%
Average Expected Pensionable Earnings	\$	75,193	\$	72,973	3.0%

st Includes service attributable to Tier 1 benefits



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-2 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System **Payee Member Data** June 30, 2013 %Change June 30, 2014 Retired & Disabled 3,314 Count 3,234 2.5% Average Age 68.5 68.2 0.4% Total Annual Benefit \$ 148,398,243 \$ 140,966,722 5.3% Average Annual Benefit \$ 44,779 \$ 43,589 2.7% Beneficiaries Count 486 477 1.9% 74.3 Average Age 74.1 0.3% Total Annual Benefit \$ 10,725,968 \$ 9,967,125 7.6% \$ \$ Average Annual Benefit 22,070 20,895 5.6% Total Count 3,800 3,711 2.4% Average Age 69.2 69.0 0.3% Total Annual Benefit \$ 159,124,211 \$ 150,933,848 5.4% Average Annual Benefit \$ 41,875 \$ 40,672 3.0%

Benefits provided in June 30 valuation data



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-3 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Inactive Member Data

		Co	unt		
	Ju	ine 30, 2014		me 30, 2013	%Change
Tier 1		,			
Vested					
Count		740		708	4.5%
Average Age		46.8		46.6	0.4%
Total Annual Benefit	\$	14,394,286	\$	13,364,947	7.7%
Average Annual Benefit	\$	19,452	\$	18,877	3.0%
Total Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	46,187,514	\$	41,029,193	12.6%
Average Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	62,416	\$	57,951	7.7%
Non-Vested					
Count		286		286	0.0%
Average Age		42.8		42.3	1.2%
Total Annual Benefit	\$	1,088,851	\$	1,084,423	0.4%
Average Annual Benefit	\$	3,807	\$	3,792	0.4%
Total Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	4,061,966	\$	3,953,683	2.7%
Average Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	14,203	\$	13,824	2.7%
Total					
Count		1,026		994	3.2%
Average Age		45.7		45.4	0.7%
Total Annual Benefit	\$	15,483,137	\$	14,449,369	7.2%
Average Annual Benefit	\$	15,091	\$	14,537	3.8%
Total Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	50,249,480	\$	44,982,876	11.7%
Average Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	48,976	\$	45,254	8.2%

For Inactives, benefit is calculated on the data assumptions and methods outlined in Appendix A if not provided in the June 30 valuation data



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-3 (continued) San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Inactive Member Data

		Co	unt		
	Ju	ine 30, 2014	Ju	me 30, 2013	%Change
Tier 2					
Vested					
Count		1		N/A	N/A
Average Age		47.0		N/A	N/A
Total Annual Benefit*	\$	6,717		N/A	N/A
Average Annual Benefit*	\$	6,717		N/A	N/A
Total Contribution Balance with Interest**	\$	27,057		N/A	N/A
Average Contribution Balance with Interest**	\$	27,057		N/A	N/A
Non-Vested					
Count		44		7	528.6%
Average Age		38.6		44.4	-13.1%
Total Annual Benefit*	\$	31,179	\$	419	7341.3%
Average Annual Benefit*	\$	709	\$	60	1081.7%
Total Contribution Balance with Interest**	\$	137,377	\$	4,047	3294.5%
Average Contribution Balance with Interest**	\$	3,122	\$	578	440.1%
Total					
Count		45		7	542.9%
Average Age		38.8		44.4	-12.7%
Total Annual Benefit*	\$	37,897	\$	419	8944.6%
Average Annual Benefit*	\$	842	\$	60	1303.3%
Total Contribution Balance with Interest**	\$	164,433	\$	4,047	3963.1%
Average Contribution Balance with Interest**	\$	3,654	\$	578	532.2%
Total					
Count		1,071		1,001	7.0%
Average Age		45.4		45.4	0.0%
Total Annual Benefit	\$	15,521,034	\$	14,449,788	7.4%
Average Annual Benefit	\$	14,492	\$	14,435	0.4%
Total Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	50,413,913	\$	44,986,923	12.1%
Average Contribution Balance with Interest	\$	47,072	\$	44,942	4.7%

For Inactives, benefit is calculated on the data assumptions and methods outlined in Appendix A if not provided in the June 30 valuation data

^{**} Includes contributions attributable to Tier 1



^{*} Includes benefits attributable to Tier 1

APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-4
San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System
Distribution of Active Members as of June 30, 2014

					Years of S	ervice					
Age	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 and up	Total
Under 25	18	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33
25 to 29	75	76	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	174
30 to 34	79	112	111	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	328
35 to 39	46	72	129	113	21	1	0	0	0	0	382
40 to 44	27	54	89	151	109	16	3	0	0	0	449
45 to 49	25	36	80	127	117	70	41	0	0	0	496
50 to 54	18	32	83	120	127	128	120	0	0	0	628
55 to 59	19	27	67	75	68	46	40	3	0	0	345
60 to 64	5	19	40	70	41	21	11	0	1	0	208
65 to 69	0	4	18	19	14	3	2	0	1	1	62
70 and up	0	0	3	10	1	1	1	0	0	0	16
Total Count	312	447	643	711	498	286	218	3	2	1	3,121

Table A-5
San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System
Distribution of Active Members as of June 30, 2014

					Av	erage Exp	ecto	ed Salary					
						Years of	Sei	rvice					
Age	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14		15 to 19		20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 and up	Total
Under 25	\$ 55,987	\$ 55,004	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0 5	6 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 55,540
25 to 29	60,057	59,757	57,150	0		0		0	0	0	0	0	59,542
30 to 34	64,822	61,102	68,597	64,541		0		0	0	0	0	0	64,807
35 to 39	63,401	66,631	68,073	71,054		74,392		74,914	0	0	0	0	68,486
40 to 44	74,577	72,501	72,929	76,110		79,668		80,135	72,283	0	0	0	75,935
45 to 49	80,469	72,460	73,056	79,242		76,614		82,918	78,748	0	0	0	77,672
50 to 54	84,706	66,782	81,144	81,794		83,940		86,993	81,845	0	0	0	82,530
55 to 59	77,309	78,813	74,023	80,619		78,069		84,704	77,173	92,358	0	0	78,759
60 to 64	100,241	91,404	74,491	83,267		83,005		87,288	89,824	0	47,144	0	83,258
65 to 69	0	117,251	67,972	74,530		72,386		91,502	77,920	0	88,862	125,238	76,878
70 and up	0	0	84,213	88,674		77,695		48,157	95,456	0	0	0	85,043
Avg. Salary	\$ 67,531	\$ 67,118	\$ 71,844	\$ 77,717	\$	79,665	\$	85,135	\$ 80,703	92,358	\$ 68,003	\$ 125,238	\$ 75,193



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-6 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Retirees and Disabled by Attained Age and Benefit Effective Date as of June 30, 2014

Benefit Effective					Age						
Fiscal Year End	Under 50	50 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 69	70 to 74	75 to 79	80 to 84	85 to 89	90 and up	Total
Prior to 1995	0	3	5	9	11	48	158	158	148	87	627
1996	2	0	1	1	0	16	10	7	0	1	38
1997	0	1	0	0	2	40	13	12	2	0	70
1998	0	1	0	4	1	32	13	10	0	0	61
1999	0	0	1	1	6	51	8	9	1	0	77
2000	0	0	0	1	22	44	14	4	1	0	86
2001	0	0	1	3	30	30	17	1	1	0	83
2002	0	2	1	4	79	24	26	3	0	0	139
2003	0	1	2	8	58	30	16	3	1	0	119
2004	1	3	0	21	76	23	13	0	0	0	137
2005	0	0	3	32	79	38	14	6	1	0	173
2006	3	4	7	56	48	31	7	0	0	0	156
2007	0	1	13	68	43	22	5	3	1	0	156
2008	1	2	10	81	44	21	7	0	0	0	166
2009	3	1	18	75	34	11	3	0	0	0	145
2010	1	5	47	93	46	18	2	1	0	0	213
2011	2	10	106	123	83	24	5	0	1	0	354
2012	1	13	95	52	40	15	2	0	0	0	218
2013	1	5	94	16	25	1	2	0	0	0	144
2014	2	9	100	22	15	4	0	0	0	0	152
Total	17	61	504	670	742	523	335	217	157	88	3,314

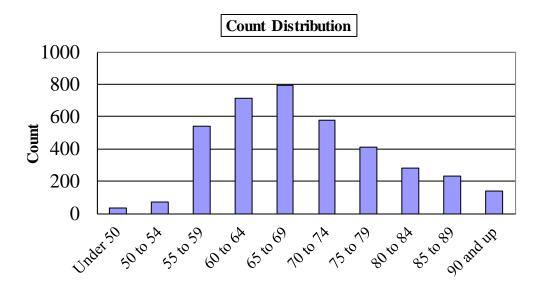
Average Age at Retirement/Disability57.6Average Current Age68.5Average Annual Pension\$ 44,779



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-7 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Distribution of Retirees, Disabled Members, and Beneficiaries as of June 30, 2014						
Age	Count					
Under 50	35					
50 to 54	74					
55 to 59	542					
60 to 64	713					
65 to 69	796					
70 to 74	577					
75 to 79	408					
80 to 84	283					
85 to 89	232					
90 and up	140					
Total	3,800					

Chart A-1

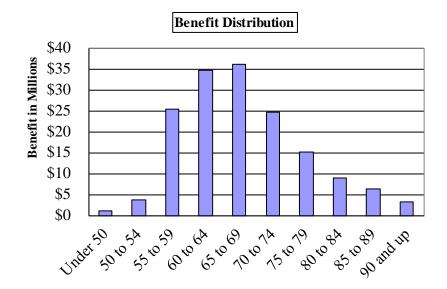




APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-8 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Distribution of Retirees, Disabled Members, and Beneficiaries as of June 30, 2014							
Age	Ann	ual Benefit					
Under 50	\$	965,711					
50 to 54		3,675,152					
55 to 59		25,326,652					
60 to 64		34,628,609					
65 to 69		36,043,445					
70 to 74		24,635,056					
75 to 79		15,197,420					
80 to 84		8,933,529					
85 to 89	6,424,891						
90 and up		3,293,745					
Total \$ 159,124,211							

Chart A-2





APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Table A-9 San Jose Federated City Employees' Retirement System Change in Plan Membership

		T	TER 1				
		Vested	Service	Non-Service		Beneficiaries/	
	Actives	Terminations	Disabilities	Disabilities	Retirees	QDRO	Total
June 30, 2013	2,856	994	120	81	3,033	477	7,561
New Entrants	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Rehires	2	(1)	0	0	0	0	1
Vested Terminations	(115)	115	0	0	0	0	0
Return of Contributions	(30)	(34)	0	0	0	0	(64)
Service Disabilities	(1)	0	2	0	(1)	0	0
Non-Service Disabilities	(3)	(2)	0	6	(1)	0	0
Retirements	(109)	(39)	0	0	148	0	0
Deaths	(3)	(2)	(1)	(7)	(67)	34	(46)
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	(28)	(28)
Benefit Ceased	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	(2)
Tier Adjustments	(4)	(6)	0	0	0	0	(10)
Miscellaneous Adjustments	0	1	0	0	1	3	5
June 30, 2014	2,593	1,026	121	80	3,113	486	7,419

		T	TER 2				
		Vested	Service	Non-Service		Beneficiaries/	
	Actives	Terminations	Disabilities	Disabilities	Retirees	QDRO	Total
June 30, 2013	238	7	0	0	0	0	245
New Entrants	321	0	0	0	0	0	321
Rehires	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vested Terminations	(21)	21	0	0	0	0	0
Return of Contributions	(21)	(2)	0	0	0	0	(23)
Service Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Service Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Retirements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Benefit Ceased	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tier Adjustments	11	0	0	0	0	0	11
Miscellaneous Adjustments	0	19	0	0	0	0	19
June 30, 2014	528	45	0	0	0	0	573

Vested terminations includes non-vested and reciprocal terms that are still due a refund or benefit.



APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Data Assumptions and Methods

In preparing our data, we relied on information supplied by the San José Department of Retirement Services. This information includes, but is not limited to, plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. Our methodology for obtaining the data used for the valuation is based upon the following assumptions and practices:

- Records on the "Active" data file are considered to be Active if they do not have a reason for termination.
- Records on any of the data files are considered to be Inactive if they have a reason for termination of deferred vested or leave of absence/inactive.
- Records on the "Retiree" and "Beneficiary/QDRO" files are considered in pay status if they do not have a date of death, are not inactive and have not withdrawn from the plan.
- Service for actives that have no service amount is calculated to be the time from date of hire to the valuation date.
- Service for inactives that have no service amount is calculated to be the time from date of hire to date of termination.
- The most recent annual salary for actives is set to be "earnable income." If "earnable income" was not provided, then the most recent annual salary is calculated to be "compensation rate 2" multiplied by 26.
- The annual benefit for inactives is equal to 2.5% of final compensation per year of service, up to a maximum of 75% of final compensation. Members who terminated prior to June 30, 2001 have their final compensation adjusted for a three-year average rather than a 12-month average.
- We assume any member found in last year's "Retiree" file and not in this year's file is deceased without a beneficiary and should be removed from the valuation data.
- We assume all deceased members with payments continuing to a beneficiary have already been accounted for in the "Retiree" file.



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Actuarial Assumptions

The wage inflation and discount rate assumptions were adopted by the Board of Administration with our input at the November 20, 2014 and December 18, 2014 Board meetings respectively. All other assumptions were adopted at the October 20, 2011 Board meeting based on recommendations from our experience study covering plan experience during the period from July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010.

1. Discount Rate

7.00%. The Board expects a long-term rate of return of 7.58% based on Meketa's capital market assumptions and investment policy. A margin for adverse deviation was used to improve the probability of achieving the discount rate.

2. Interest Credited to Member Contributions

3.00%, compounded annually.

3. Administrative Expenses

0.70% of payroll is added to the normal cost of the system for expected administrative expenses.



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

4. Salary Increase Rate

Wage inflation component: 2.85%

In addition, the following merit component is added based on an individual member's years of service:

Table B-1 Salary Merit Increases							
Years of Service	Merit/ Longevity						
0	4.50%						
1	3.50						
2	2.50						
3	1.85						
4	1.40						
5	1.15						
6	0.95						
7	0.75						
8	0.60						
9	0.50						
10	0.45						
11	0.40						
12	0.35						
13	0.30						
14	0.25						
15+	0.25						

5. Family Composition

Percentage married is shown in the following Table B-2. Male retirees are assumed to be three years older than their partner, and female retirees are assumed to be two years younger than their partner.

Table B-2 Percentage Married		
Gender Percentage		
Males	80%	
Females 60%		



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

6. Rates of Termination

Sample rates of termination are shown in the following Table B-3.

Table B-3 Rates of Termination			
Age	0 Years of Service	1-4 Years of Service	5 or more Years of Service
20	20%	10.00%	5.50%
25	20	10.00	5.30
30	20	9.50	4.85
35	20	7.20	4.20
40	20	5.60	3.00
45	20	4.60	1.85
50	20	4.00	1.75
55	20	4.00	0.00
60	20	4.00	0.00
65	0	0.00	0.00

^{*}Withdrawal/termination rates do not apply once a member is eligible for retirement

20% of terminating employees are assumed to subsequently work for a reciprocal employer and receive 2.85% pay increases per year.

7. Rates of Refund

<u>Tier 1:</u> Sample rates of vested terminated employees electing a refund of contributions are shown in the following Table B-4.

Table B-4 Rates of Refund		
Age	Refund	
20	40.0%	
25	30.0	
30	25.0	
35	20.0	
40	15.0	
45	10.0	
50	4.0	
55	0.0	



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

<u>Tier 2:</u>

Vested terminated employees are expected to take a refund if it exceeds the actuarial present value of their deferred benefit payment.

8. Rates of Disability

Sample disability rates of active members are provided in Table B-5.

Table B-5 Rates of Disability at Selected Ages		
Age	Disability	
20	0.030%	
25	0.033	
30	0.056	
35	0.098	
40	0.162	
45	0.232	
50	0.302	
55	0.376	
60	0.455	
65	0.504	
70	0.000	

50% of disabilities are assumed to be duty related, and 50% are assumed to be non-duty.



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

9. Rates of Mortality for Healthy Lives

Mortality rates for actives, retirees, beneficiaries, terminated vested and reciprocals are based on the male and female RP-2000 combined employee and annuitant tables. To reflect mortality improvements since the date of the table and to project future mortality improvements, the tables are projected to 2015 using scale AA and setback two years. The resulting rates are used for all age cohorts.

Table B-6 Rates of Mortality for Active and Retired Healthy Lives at Selected Ages		
Age	Male	Female
20	0.0237%	0.0152%
25	0.0297	0.0155
30	0.0365	0.0196
35	0.0585	0.0344
40	0.0881	0.0484
45	0.1100	0.0747
50	0.1460	0.1092
55	0.2154	0.1841
60	0.4140	0.3639
65	0.8104	0.7094
70	1.4464	1.2471
75	2.4223	2.0673
80	4.3489	3.3835

100% of Tier 1 active member deaths and 99% of Tier 2 active member deaths are assumed to be service connected.



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

10. Rates of Mortality for Retired Disabled Lives

Mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the CALPERS ordinary disability mortality tables from their 2000-04 study for miscellaneous employees.

Table B-7 Rates of Mortality for Disabled Lives at Selected Ages		
Age	Male	Female
20	0.664%	0.478%
25	0.719	0.492
30	0.790	0.512
35	0.984	0.548
40	1.666	0.674
45	1.646	0.985
50	1.632	1.245
55	1.936	1.580
60	2.293	1.628
65	3.174	1.969
70	3.870	3.019
75	6.001	3.915
80	8.388	5.555



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

11. Rates of Retirement

Rates of retirement for Tier 1 members are based on age according to the following Table $B-8-Tier\ 1$.

Table B-8 – Tier 1 Rates of Retirement by Age and Service		
Age	Less than 30 Years of Service	30 or more Years of Service
50	0.0%	60.0%
51	0.0	60.0
52	0.0	60.0
53	0.0	60.0
54	0.0	60.0
55	17.5	50.0
56	8.5	50.0
57	8.5	50.0
58	8.5	50.0
59	9.5	50.0
60	9.5	50.0
61	16.0	50.0
62	16.0	50.0
63	16.0	50.0
64	16.0	50.0
65	25.0	60.0
66	25.0	60.0
67	25.0	60.0
68	25.0	60.0
69	25.0	60.0
70 & over	100.0	100.0



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Rates of retirement for Tier 2 members are based on age according to the following Table B-8 – Tier 2.

Table B-8 – Tier 2 Rates of Retirement by Age and Service			
Age	Less than 32.5 Years of Service	32.5 or more Years of Service	
55	4.0%	7.0%	
56	3.0	6.0	
57	3.0	6.0	
58	3.0	6.0	
59	5.0	10.0	
60	7.5	15.0	
61	10.0	25.0	
62	10.0	25.0	
63	10.0	25.0	
64	10.0	25.0	
65	40.0	70.0	
66	25.0	50.0	
67	25.0	50.0	
68	25.0	50.0	
69	25.0	50.0	
70 & over	100.0	100.0	

12. Deferred Member Benefit

The benefit was estimated based on information provided by the Department of Retirement Services. The data used to value the estimated deferred benefit were credited service, date of termination, and last pay rate. Based on the data provided, the highest average salary was estimated.

13. Changes Since Last Valuation

- The discount rate decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%.
- The wage inflation assumption changed from 2.00% for five years and 2.85% thereafter to 2.85% for all years of service.



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Contribution Allocation Procedure

The contribution allocation procedure primarily consists of an actuarial cost method, an asset smoothing method, and an amortization method as described below. All components of the contribution allocation procedure were established prior to the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation except as specifically noted below.

1. Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age actuarial cost method was used for active employees, whereby the normal cost is computed as the level annual percentage of pay required to fund the retirement benefits between each member's date of hire and assumed retirement. The actuarial liability is the difference between the present value of future benefits and the present value of future normal costs. Or, equivalently, it is the accumulation of normal costs for all periods prior to the valuation date. The normal cost and actuarial liability are calculated on an individual basis. The sum of the individual amounts is the normal cost and actuarial liability for the System. The actuarial liability for the System represents the target amount of assets the System should have as of the valuation date according to the actuarial cost method.

2. Asset Valuation Method

For the purpose of determining contribution rates and amounts, an actuarial value of assets is used that dampens the volatility in the market value of assets, resulting in a smoother pattern of contribution rates.

The actuarial value of assets is calculated by recognizing 20% of the difference in each of the prior four years of actual investment returns compared to the expected return on the market value of assets.

3. Amortization Method

The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets. The unfunded actuarial liability as of June 30, 2009 is amortized as a level percentage of Tier 1 pay over a closed 30-year period commencing June 30, 2009. Actuarial gains and losses, assumption changes, and plan changes are amortized as a level percentage of Tier 1 and Tier 2 pay over 20-year periods beginning with the valuation date in which they first arise. To remain a level percentage of expected future payroll, each annual amortization payment increases by 2.85%.

4. Contributions

At its November 2010 meeting, the Board adopted a policy setting the City's contribution to be the greater of the dollar amount reported in the actuarial valuation (adjusted for interest based on the time of the contribution) and the dollar amount determined by



APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

applying the percent of payroll reported in the actuarial valuation to the actual payroll for the fiscal year. The City and Member contributions determined by a valuation become effective for the fiscal year commencing one year after the valuation date. For Tier 1, City contributions are normally made on the first day of the fiscal year. All other contributions are made on a payroll-by-payroll basis.

The total contribution rate is the sum of the normal cost rate (including assumed administrative expenses) and the UAL rate. The normal cost rate is determined by dividing the total normal cost determined under the actuarial cost method by the payroll expected for members active on the valuation date. The UAL payments are adjusted for interest from the valuation date to the date of expected payment in the following fiscal year. The UAL rate is determined by dividing the UAL payments by the total expected payroll for the year (including members active on the valuation date and new entrants expected to replace active members who are expected to leave employment).

For Tier 1, members contribute 3/11ths of the normal cost rate (including administrative expenses, but excluding reciprocity), and the City pays the remainder of the total contribution rate. For Tier 2, the members and the City each pay half of the total contribution rate.

Changes Since Last Valuation

The rate of increase in amortization payments was increased from 2.43% to 2.85%.



APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS TIER 1

1. Membership Requirement

Participation in the Plan is immediate upon the first day of full-time employment for members hired before September 30, 2012.

2. Final Compensation

Members who separated from city service prior to June 30, 2001

The highest average annual compensation earnable during any period of three consecutive years.

Members who separated from city service on or after June 30, 2001

The highest average annual compensation earnable during any period of twelve consecutive months.

3. Credited Service

One year of service credit is given for 1,739 or more hours of Federated city service rendered in any calendar year. A partial year (fraction with the numerator equal to the hours worked, and the denominator equal to 1,739) is given for each calendar year with less than 1,739 hours worked.

4. Member Contributions

Member

The amount needed to fund 3/11ths of benefits accruing for the current year. These contributions are credited with interest at 3.0% per year, compounded annually.

Employer

The Employer contributes the remaining amounts necessary to maintain the soundness of the Retirement System.

5. Service Retirement

Eligibility

Age 55 with five years of service, or any age with 30 years of service.

Benefit – Member

2.5% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service, subject to a maximum of 75% of Final Compensation.



APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS TIER 1

Benefit - Survivor

50% of the service retirement benefit paid to a qualified survivor.

6. Service-Connected Disability Retirement

Eligibility

No age or service requirement.

Benefit - Member

2.5% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service, subject to a minimum of 40% and a maximum of 75% of Final Compensation. Workers' Compensation benefits are generally offset from the service-connected benefits under this system.

Benefit - Survivor

50% of the disability retirement benefit paid to a qualified survivor.

7. Non-Service Connected Disability Retirement

Eligibility

Five years of service.

Benefit - Member

Members who were hired prior to September 1, 1998:

The amount of the service-connected benefit reduced by 0.5% for each year that the disability age preceded 55.

Members who were hired on or after September 1, 1998:

20% of Final Compensation, plus 2% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service between six and 16 years, plus 2.5% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service in excess of 16 years, subject to a maximum of 75% of Final Compensation.

Benefit - Survivor

50% of the disability retirement benefit paid to a qualified survivor.



APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS TIER 1

8. Death While an Active Employee

Less than five Years of Service, or No Qualified Survivor

Lump sum benefit equal to the accumulated refund of all employee contributions with interest, plus one month of salary for each year of service, up to a maximum of six years.

Five or more Years of Service

2.5% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service, subject to a minimum of 40% and a maximum of 75% of Final Compensation. The benefit is payable until the spouse or registered domestic partner marries or establishes a domestic partnership. If the member was age 55 with 20 years of service at death, the benefit is payable for the lifetime of the member's spouse or registered domestic partner.

9. Withdrawal Benefits

Less than five Years of Service

Lump sum benefit equal to the accumulated employee contributions with interest.

Five or more years of credited service

The amount of the service retirement benefit, payable at age 55.

10. Additional Post-retirement Death Benefit

A death benefit payable as a lump sum equal to \$500 will be paid to a qualified survivor upon the member's death.

11. Post-retirement Cost-of-Living Benefit

Benefits are increased every April 1 by 3.0%, regardless of actual inflation.

12. Changes since the last valuation

None.



APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS TIER 2

1. Membership Requirement

Any person who is hired, rehired or reinstated by the City on or after September 30, 2012.

2. Final Compensation

The average annual compensation earnable during the highest three consecutive years of service. Final compensation only includes base pay, excluding premium pay and any other additional compensation.

3. Credited Service

One year of service credit is given for 2,080 or more hours of Federated city service rendered in any calendar year. A partial year (fraction with the numerator equal to the hours worked, and the denominator equal to 2,080) is given for each calendar year with less than 2,080 hours worked.

4. Member Contributions

50% of total Tier 2 contributions to the pension plan, including, but not limited to administrative expenses, normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability.

5. Unreduced Service Retirement

Eligibility

Age 65 with five years of service.

Benefit - Member

2.0% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service attributable to Tier 2 and 2.5% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service attributable to Tier 1, subject to a maximum of 65% of Final Compensation.

Benefit - Survivor

Single life annuity.



APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS TIER 2

6. Early Service Retirement

Eligibility

Age 55 with five years of service.

Benefit - Member

Reduced benefit actuarially equivalent to the unreduced service retirement benefits commencing at age 65. The early retirement reduction is applied to the benefit after the application of the maximum of 65% of final compensation.

7. Service-Connected Disability Retirement

Eligibility

No age or service requirement.

Benefit - Member

Monthly benefit equivalent to 50% of Final Compensation less the amounts specified in Section 3.28.1330 and Section 3.28.1340.

8. Non-Service Connected Disability Retirement

Eligibility

Five years of service.

Benefit - Member

2.0% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service attributable to Tier 2 and 2.5% of Final Compensation for each year of credited service attributable to Tier 1, subject to a minimum of 20% of Final Compensation and a maximum of 50% of Final Compensation less the amounts specified in Section 3.28.1330 and Section 3.28.1340.



APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS TIER 2

9. Death Before Retirement

If death occurs before retirement eligibility is reached

Lump sum benefit equal to the accumulated refund of all employee contributions with interest.

If death occurs after retirement eligibility is reached

Benefit equivalent to what the employee would have received if retired at the time of death. **Employees killed in the line of duty**

Monthly benefit equivalent to 50% of Final Compensation.

10. Withdrawal Benefits

Less than five Years of Service

Lump sum benefit equal to the accumulated employee contributions with interest.

Five or more years of credited service

The amount of the service retirement benefit, actuarially reduced for early retirement, and payable when retirement eligibility is reached.

11. Benefit Forms

Annuity benefits are paid in the form of a life annuity or an actuarially equivalent annuity with 50%, 75% or 100% continuance to a survivor.

12. Post-retirement Cost-of-Living Benefit

Benefits are increased every April 1 by the change in the December CPI-U for San José-San Francisco-Oakland, subject to a cap of 1.5%. The first COLA after retirement shall be prorated based on the number of months retired.

Note: The summary of major plan provisions is designed to outline principal plan benefits. If the Department of Retirement Services should find the plan summary not in accordance with the actual provisions, the actuary should immediately be alerted so the proper provisions are valued.



APPENDIX D GLOSSARY OF TERMS

1. Actuarial Liability

The Actuarial Liability is the difference between the Present Value of Future Benefits and the present value of total future Normal Costs. This is also referred to by some actuaries as the "accrued liability" or "actuarial accrued liability." The Actuarial Liability represents the amount of assets a plan should have as of a valuation date according to the Actuarial Cost Method.

2. Actuarial Assumptions

Estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Demographic actuarial assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (price inflation, wage inflation and investment income) are generally based on expectations for the future that may differ from the Plan's past experience.

3. Actuarial Cost Method

A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the Present Value of Future Benefits between future Normal Cost and Actuarial Liability.

4. Actuarial Gain (Loss)

The difference between actual experience and the anticipated experience based on the actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates.

5. Actuarial Present Value

The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting future payments at the discount rate and by probabilities of payment.

6. Actuarially Determined Contribution

The payment to the Plan as determined by the actuary using a Contribution Allocation Procedure. It may or may not be the actual amount contributed to the Plan.

7. Amortization Method

A method for determining the amount, timing, and pattern of payment of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability.



APPENDIX D GLOSSARY OF TERMS

8. Asset Valuation Method

The method used to develop the actuarial value of assets from the market value of assets typically by smoothing investment returns above or below the assumed rate of return over a period of time.

9. Contribution Allocation Procedure

A procedure typically using an Actuarial Cost Method, an Asset Valuation Method, and an Amortization Method to develop the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

10. Discount Rate

The rate of interest used to discount future benefit payments to determine the Actuarial Present Value. For purposes of determining an Actuarially Determined Contribution, the Discount Rate is typically based on the long-term expected return on assets.

11. Funded Status or Funding Ratio

The Actuarial Liability divided by either the market or actuarial value of assets. For purposes of this report, the Funded Status represents the proportion of the assets expected by the Actuarial Cost Method compared to the actual assets as of the valuation date. These measures are for contribution budgeting purposes and are not appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations.

12. Normal Cost

The portion of the Present Value of Future Benefits allocated to the current year by the Actuarial Cost Method.

13. Present Value of Future Benefits

The Actuarial Present Value of all benefits both earned as of the valuation date and expected to be earned in the future by current plan members based on current plan provisions and actuarial assumptions.

14. Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)

The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between actuarial liability and either the market or the actuarial value of assets. This value is sometimes referred to as "unfunded actuarial accrued liability." It represents the difference between the actual assets and the amount of assets expected by the Actuarial Cost Method as of the valuation date.

