

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

July 21, 2011

Robert Sapien President San Jose Fire Fighters, IAFF, Local 230 425 E. Santa Clara Street, Suite 300 San Jose, CA 95113

RE: Retirement Reform Negotiations – Information Request

Dear Robert:

We are in receipt of your letter dated June 20, 2011, in which you indicate that you have sent multiple correspondence letters and information requests regarding retirement reform proposals and have not received a response to any of the information requests submitted. On July 20, 2011, we met with your legal counsel and a Local 230 negotiation team member and reviewed all Information Requests that you or your legal counsel have sent the City. In our review, all Information Requests prior to your letter dated June 20, 2011, have been responded to by the City. The following is in response to your request of June 20, 2011.

1. Those documents which set forth the most current projected year-end general fund revenue, inclusive of general fund transfers, for fiscal year 2011 as compared to the adopted budget.

This request for information was also included in the letter your legal counsel sent on May 18, 2011. The City responded to this request for information in the letter dated July 20, 2011.

2. Those documents which set for the most current projected year-end general fund expenditures, inclusive of transfers for fiscal year 2011 compared to the adopted budget.

This request for information was also included in the letter your legal counsel sent on May 18, 2011. The City responded to this request for information in the letter dated July 20, 2011.

3. Those documents which set froth the most current projected year-end general fund account balance and cash balance effective June 30, 2011 for fiscal year 2011.

This request for information was also included in the letter your legal counsel sent on May 18, 2011. The City responded to this request for information in the letter dated July 20, 2011.

4. For transparency and efficient bargaining any legal analysis or options in which the City may have procured regarding altering retirement or vested benefits for actives, retiree's and new employees.

On February 7, 2008, Jones Day issued a Memorandum to the City Attorney regarding retiree healthcare benefits and vested rights. The City Council subsequently made this document public. A copy of this report was provided in a letter we sent you on July 13, 2011. There are currently no other documents that are publicly available regarding this issue.

5. Any costing analysis performed by the City on IAFF Local 230's February 28, 2011 proposal on second tier pensions and opt-in retirement reforms.

Please find attached the memorandum that was provided to the City Council on June 23, 2011, in response to this request.

6. Any costing analysis performed by the City on POA retirement reform agreements.

The memorandum provided to the City Council on June 23, 2011, listed on Item No. 5 above, includes the costing analysis for the Opt-In program that was included in the agreement with the San Jose Police Officers' Association (POA).

Sincerely,

Gina Donnelly

Deputy Director of Employee Relations

c: Jeff Welch, Vice President, San Jose Fire Fighters, IAFF, Local 230 Chris Platten, Legal Counsel, San Jose, Fire Fighters, IAFF, Local 230

Enclosure

COUNCIL AGENDA: 06/24/11 ITEM: 3.1



Memorandum

TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND

CITY COUNCIL

FROM: Alex Gurza

SUBJECT: RETIREMENT BENEFIT OPT IN

PROGRAMS

DATE: June 23, 2011

Approved

Date

)ate 6/2

RECOMMENDATION

Accept staff report.

BACKGROUND

There has been significant discussion regarding retirement benefit opt in programs in which employees voluntarily choose to opt into a lower retirement benefit design. This first began with a proposal made by the San Jose Fire Fighters, IAFF Local 230 on a retirement benefit opt in program in February 2011. The City and the San Jose Fire Fighters reached an agreement during those contract negotiations that included a side letter to continue discussions on retirement reform that could include an opt in program.

While opt in programs may be one component of an overall solution to the City's retirement costs, there are many aspects of opt in programs that need to be considered and resolved prior to an opt in program, if any, being instituted within the City's retirement plans. As will be discussed in this memorandum, it is very important to note that any type of opt-in program would need Internal Revenue Service (IRS) approval in order to provide it under the auspices of a tax qualified retirement plan.

There are two ways that have been discussed to structure an opt in program. Opt in programs that have been proposed by some bargaining units would be structured so that when an employee chooses to opt into the new program, they leave behind all of their benefits already accrued (except years of service) and their retirement benefit is calculated only based upon the new benefit structure. For example, if the opt in program's benefit is 2% at 60 and the employee has 20 years of service, when they opt in, they will get 2% for all years of service, including the 20 years already accrued.

Another way that has been discussed to structure an opt in program is that an employee's past years of service will be calculated under the prior benefit structure and future years of service will accrue at the new rate. Using the same example above, if an employee gets 3% per year under the current benefit formula, they will opt in with 3% for 20 years already accrued and

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future service will accrue at 2%. For the purposes of this memorandum, we are discussing opt in programs where all years of service would change for an employee who opts in.

During the May 24, 2011, Council meeting, the Administration was asked to study two different opt in programs developed by Councilmember Rocha and Councilmember Constant. These proposals have been studied and are discussed further in the analysis section of this memorandum.

ANALYSIS

There are many considerations regarding opt in programs. The primary issues are discussed below.

IRS Issues Associated with Opt In Programs

One critical aspect of an opt in program is the need to obtain IRS approval prior to implementation in order to ensure that investment income would be allowed to accumulate on a pre-tax basis and to ensure that employee contributions can be made on a pre-tax basis. It is our understanding that the IRS has not approved any opt in plans since at least 2005 and that there are currently 22 such requests pending with the IRS. Orange County has had their retirement opt in program for current employees on hold waiting on IRS approval.

Implementation of any opt in program would have to be contingent upon receiving IRS approval, as specified in the recent agreement with the San Jose Police Officers' Association. Because of the uncertainty of when and if an opt in program would receive IRS approval, it is difficult to determine when and if any savings could be achieved.

Irrevocable Employee Election Required For Opt In Program

If an opt in program is implemented, employees would be required to irrevocably give up their existing level of retirement benefits and voluntarily choose reduced benefits. Employees would need to sign a legal document that explains that their decision is irrevocable and that they would not be able to change their minds in the future and go back to a more generous benefit structure.

We have been advised that because of community property interests, an employee's spouse would also need to sign the document that irrevocably reduces the employee's retirement benefits. As will be discussed in the following section, any cost savings from an opt in program are dependent upon the number of employees and demographics of those employees that choose to opt in. It is very difficult to predict how many employees would voluntarily enter into a lower benefit structure. Therefore, employees would be asked to sign an irrevocable waiver without knowing the exact savings that would be achieved.

Design of Opt In Program

If the City were to pursue implementation of an opt in program, in addition to tax considerations, it is also important to consider how the benefit design of the opt in program fits in with the

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pending benefits structure for new employees and the current benefit structure. For example, one goal could be to have an opt in program that matches the benefits structure for new employees that would be designed so that the costs are sustainable and risks are reduced.

Another goal could be that the opt in program does not alter the benefits formula for years of service already worked, but reduces the benefit formula for future years of service. An opt in program could also be designed to achieve a savings goal through the combination of the reduced cost of the opt in program and increased employee contributions for those employees that choose to stay in the existing benefit structure.

Cost Savings of Opt In Programs

As noted above, the actual savings of an opt in program will not be known until after the program has been implemented and employees have irrevocably decided to opt in. Although estimates can be developed in order to determine the actual savings of an opt in program, actuaries would need to know the demographics of the employees who have elected to opt in. In addition, the potential cost savings from the opt in program are dependent on the particular design of the opt in program.

There are potential options to incent employees to opt into a lower level of retirement benefits:

- Potential for a lower employee contribution rate
- Requiring employees who stay in Tier 1 to pay a higher contribution rate
- Higher wages for employees who opt in

The cost savings of the opt in program would also be dependent upon any specific incentives for employees to opt into the lower level of retirement benefit.

Various Opt In Programs

San Jose Fire Fighters, IAFF Local 230 Proposal

In February 2011, in negotiations over a successor Memorandum of Agreement (MOA), the San Jose Fire Fighters made a proposal on a second tier retirement benefit for new employees. This proposal was discussed in an information memo dated April 13, 2011, which is attached to this memorandum as Attachment A. This proposal also included an opt in program where current employees could opt into the second tier, which was as follows:

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San Jose Fire Fighters Second Tier Retirement Proposal				
	Current Pension Benefits (FIRE)	2 nd Tier Pension Benefits As Proposed by Local 230 with opt in for current employees		
Eligibility	50 w/25 years of service 55 w/20 years of service 30 years at any age	No change		
Vesting	10 year of Service Only if 20 years have lapsed from date of membership	No change		
Maximum Benefit ¹	90%	75%		
Formula	Years 0-20: 2.5% per year of service At the end of 20 years of service: 3.0% for all years	Years 0-30: 2.5% per year of service		
Calculation	Based on Highest 12 Months	Based on Average of the Highest 36 Months		
Annual Cost of Living Adjustment	3% Fixed (compounded)	Maximum 2% based on CPI		

What is important to note about the San Jose Firefighters' opt in program proposal was that any savings that the City received from the opt in program would be shared equally between the employees and the City. The San Jose Fire Fighters' proposal states that 50% of the actuarial savings would either be paid to the employee or put in a 401(a) type plan for each employee. In addition, this proposal does <u>not</u> make any changes to the retirement age, which is one of the factors that contributes the most to the cost of retirement benefits.

The City and the San Jose Fire Fighters have an agreement to continue negotiating pension and retiree healthcare benefits for current and future employees. The San Jose Fire Fighters' proposal would be included in those discussions.

San Jose Police Officers' Association

During successor MOA negotiations, the POA provided the following proposal on an opt in program for current employees:

¹ Includes base pay and any premium pays that are pensionable.

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San Jose Poli	ce Officers' Association Opt In	n Program Proposal	
	Current Pension Benefits (POLICE)	Opt In Program As Proposed by POA	
Eligibility	50 w/25 years of service 55 w/20 years of service	No change	
	30 years at any age	140 Change	
Vesting	10 year of Service Only if 20 years have lapsed from date of membership	No change	
Maximum Benefit ²	90%	80%	
Formula	Years 0-20: 2.5% per year of service 21-30 years of service: 4.0% per year	Years 0-20: 2.5% per year of service 21-30 years of service: 3.0% per year	
Calculation	Based on Highest 12 Months	Based on Average of the Highest 36 Months	
Annual Cost of Living Adjustment	3% Fixed (compounded)	Maximum 2% based on CPI	

One of the most significant issues in the negotiations with the POA over an agreement on a new contract that included a 10% reduction in total compensation was the POA's desire to include an agreement to implement their opt in program. The outcome of those negotiations was an agreement that included a side letter on Retirement Reform, which is included as Attachment B. This side letter stated that in the event the City and the POA do not reach an agreement on the specific design of an opt in program by November 1, 2011, at the POA's option the City will implement the opt in program that was proposed by the POA during contract negotiations, effective December 25, 2011, under two conditions. The first condition was that 40% of the employees represented by the POA sign an irrevocable waiver to elect to go into the opt in program and that the POA decides to continue with the implementation of the opt in program. The second condition was that any implementation of an opt in program is contingent upon receiving an IRS qualification letter. If less than 40% of the employees represented by the POA opt in, the opt in program could proceed if the City and the POA agreed.

The City and the POA will be continuing their discussions on retirement reform, including this opt in program.

Association of Engineers and Architects, IFPTE Local 21, City Association of Management Personnel, IFPTE Local 21, Association of Maintenance and Supervisory Personnel (AEA, CAMP and AMSP)

During successor MOA negotiations, AEA, CAMP and AMSP also provided a second tier retirement benefit proposal that included an opt in program for current employees. This proposal has not been costed, but will be the subject of the upcoming negotiations.

² Includes base pay and any premium pays that are pensionable.

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Councilmember Constant and Councilmember Rocha's Opt In Programs

In addition, on May 24, 2011, the City Council provided the Administration with direction to cost out and study two different opt in programs. Those are as follows:

	Councilmember Rocha (Predetermined Design)	Councilmember Constant (Design based on 50% of City's normal cost)
Police and Fire	2.33% per year 70% maximum Age- 57 1.5% COLA 3 year final average salary	1.50% per year 45% maximum Age- 57 1.0% COLA 3 year final average salary
Federated	2.00% per year 60% maximum Age- 62 1.5% COLA 3 year final average salary	1.25% per year 37.5% maximum Age- 62 1.0% COLA 3 year final average salary

Estimated Cost Savings

The Department of Retirement Services has completed an analysis of the various opt in programs above (San Jose Fire Fighters, POA, Councilmember Rocha and Councilmember Constant's) and the following summarizes the estimated normal cost of the pension benefits as described above. The normal cost is the cost of funding the retirement benefit for each year of service. It is important to note that the normal cost does not include any of the unfunded liability costs, but using the normal cost allows for a comparison of a particular benefit structure for future years of service.

Although the estimated normal cost below is calculated for a new employee, it can also be assumed that this would be the estimated normal cost if 100% of current employees opted into the second tier. As discussed earlier in this memorandum, it is difficult to estimate the potential savings of an opt in program as there are many factors that are unknown. For example, it is unknown how many employees would elect this option, whether employees with fewer years of service would be more likely to elect this option, or whether employees who are closer to retiring would consider electing this option. These along with many other factors, including the cost sharing for the normal cost and unfunded liability could significantly impact the City and employee costs.

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	Current Normal Cost	Police Opt In Proposal	Fire Opt In Proposal	CM Rocha	CM Constant
7.75% (25% Probability) Earnings Assumption	38.50%	30.32%	28.38%	23.27%	N/A
6.75% (50% Probability) Earnings Assumption	48.6%	36.32%	36.65%	29.58%	19.76%

	Federated Current Normal Cost	Federated CM Rocha	Federated CM Constant
7.75% (25% Probability) Earnings Assumption	17.44%	10.85%	N/A
6.75% (50% Probability) Earnings Assumption	22.1%	13.57%	8.93%

In addition, the Department of Retirement Services has provided an estimate of the savings to the City if 100% of employees represented by the San Jose Fire Fighters opted into their opt in program, if 100% of employees represented by the POA opted into the opt in program proposed by the San Jose Fire Fighters and if 100% of both opted into the opt in program. This chart was shown during the presentation to the City Council on May 18, 2011, and is also attached to this memorandum as Attachment C.

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EVALUATION AND FOLLOW-UP

Opt in programs will be discussed during the upcoming retirement reform negotiations with the City's bargaining units. Additional information regarding opt in programs and other council direction from May 24, 2011, will be provided during the presentation during the Council meeting on June 24, 2011.

COORDINATION

This memorandum was coordinated with the Department of Retirement Services and the City Attorney's Office.

CEQA

CEQA: Not a Project, File No. PP10-069(b), Personnel Related Decisions.

Alex Gurza

Director of Employee Relations

Attachments:

A: Information Memorandum Dated April 13, 2011

B: Retirement Reform Side Letter with the San Jose Police Officers' Association

C: Opt In Estimated Savings Chart

Distributed on:

SENT TO COUNCIL;

APR 1 4 2011

City Manager's Office

Memorandum

CITY OF SAN JOSE
CAPITAL OF SILICON VALLEY

TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND

CITY COUNCIL

FROM: Alex Gurza

SUBJECT: Estimated Retirement Pension

Benefits Costs -

San Jose Fire Fighters, IAFF Local 230 Proposal dated

February 28, 2011

DATE: April 13, 2011

Approved

Date

4/13/11

INFORMATION

On January 25, 2011, the City Council approved direction to the City Manager to negotiate 2nd Tier pension and retiree healthcare benefits for new employees that achieves a normal cost to the City and employees that does not exceed 12.4% of pensionable pay. Further, if a defined benefit plan or hybrid is considered, the following factors should be included: cost sharing – pension unfunded liability, cost of living adjustment (COLA), retirement age, pension formula, determination of final compensation, retirement service credit, minimum service requirements (vesting), joint and survivor benefits, retiree healthcare benefits, retiree dental benefits, retroactive disability retirement applications, Supplemental Retiree Benefit Reserve (SRBR) or "13th Check," and Workers' Compensation offset in the Police and Fire Department Retirement Plan. In addition, the Council direction included exploring options for current employees.

During the negotiations with the San Jose Fire Fighters, IAFF, Local 230, hereafter referred to as "Local 230," Local 230 provided a proposal on 2nd Tier Retirement benefits. The proposal also included an Opt-In Option for current employees. (Please see attached Local 230 proposal dated February 28, 2011)

The City and Local 230 reached an agreement for a successor contract on March 3, 2011. Changes to the retirement benefits were not included in the agreement, however, part of the overall agreement included a side letter to continue negotiations on pension and retiree healthcare benefits for current and future employees.

The agreement was approved by the City Council on March 22, 2011. At the Council Meeting on March 22nd, the City Council made a referral to the City Administration to provide the Normal Cost of Local 230's 2nd Tier proposal. This memorandum is intended to provide a response to the referral made at the City Council meeting on March 22, 2011, on the Local 230 proposal.

Comparison of Current Pension Benefit and 2nd Tier Pension Benefit Proposal

The following chart summarizes the current pension and retiree healthcare benefits provided to employees represented by Local 230, compared to the 2nd Tier proposal made by Local 230 on

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February 28, 2011.¹ Local 230 is proposing to roll back the maximum benefit from 90% to 75% of pensionable pay for new employees, as was provided prior to February 1996. In addition, the proposal includes calculating the pension benefit using the average of the highest 36 months and providing a 2% Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

	Current Pension Benefits (FIRE)	2 nd Tier Pension Benefits As Proposed by Local 230
Eligibility	50 w/ 25 years of service 55 w/20 years of service 30 years at any age	50 w/ 25 years of service 55 w/20 years of service 30 years at any age
Vesting	10 Years of Service only if 20 years have lapsed from date of membership	10 Years of Service only if 20 years have lapsed from date of membership
Maximum Benefit²	90%	75%
Formula	Years 0-20: 2.5% per year of service At the end of 20 years of service: 3.0% per year	Years 0-30: 2.5% per year of service
Calculation	Based on Highest 12 Months	Based on Average of the highest 36 months
Annual Cost of Living Adjustment	3% Fixed (compounded)	Maximum 2% based on CPI

Fiscal Year 2011-2012 Retirement Costs for Fire Employees

The following chart includes the board adopted retirement contribution rates for Fiscal Year 2011-2012 for current Fire employees in the Police and Fire Department Retirement Plan. The Normal Cost is currently split in an 8:3 ratio (City – 73% and Employees 27%). The proposal provided was not proposing to change the cost sharing for the Normal Cost. The City would remain responsible for 100% of the unfunded pension liability. The proposal does not make any changes to the cost sharing for the pension unfunded liability.

Fiscal Year 2011-2012 Retir	ement Contribut	ion Rates (FIRE	E) Total
Current Benefit Pension	City	Employee	ःः । ०।स।
Normal Cost	28.53%	10.70%	39.23%
Unfunded Liability/Prior Service Cost	23.01%	0.06%	23.07%
Subtotal : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	51.54%	10.76%	62,30%
Medical and Dental ³	3.92%	3.61%	7.53%
Total	55.46%	14.37%	69.83%

¹ The 2nd Tier Retirement proposal made by Local 230 also includes closing the SRBR program to new employees and changes to the retiree healthcare benefits. For purposes of this memorandum, cost estimates only include the changes to the pension benefit.

Includes base pay and any premium pays that are pensionable.

³ Medical and Dental rates for the City and Employees are for Fiscal Year 2010-2011. It is anticipated that the Fiscal Year 2011-2012 rates will be available in May.

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Normal Cost of 2nd Tier Pension Benefit for New Employees

The Department of Retirement Services completed an analysis of the 2nd Tier retirement (pension only) proposal and the following summarizes the estimated Normal Cost of the pension benefit as described above. It should be noted that during the negotiations, Local 230 indicated that their actuary estimated the Normal Cost for new employees to be approximately 28% of pensionable pay, which is consistent with Retirement Services analysis. As a comparison, the current Normal Cost for the pension benefit is 39.23%.

2 nd Tier Po	ension Benefit as	proposed by Loc	al 230 on Februar	y 28, 2011
	Local 230 estimated Cost		City's estimated Cost using earnings assumption of 6.75%4	
Normal Cost	28%	28.38%	45.6%	89.5%

In preparing the analysis, the Department of Retirement Services used three different earnings assumptions. The earnings assumption (Investment Rate of Return) is the estimated future net rate of return on current and future assets. This rate is used to discount the actuarial liability for each plan, and is one of the most important assumptions.

The Police and Fire Department Retirement Board recently lowered the current earnings assumption (Investment Rate of Return) assumption from 8.0% to 7.75% for the 2010 valuation, which was used to establish the retirement contribution rates for Fiscal Year 2011-2012. The Board is also considering whether to lower the earnings assumption further for the 2011 valuation, which would be used to establish the retirement contribution rates for Fiscal Year 2012-2013.

The earnings assumption actuarial change was made to more closely align expected net rates of return to assumed net investment rates of return. If the investments do not result in earnings that are at least as much as the assumptions set by the retirement boards, it results in an unfunded pension liability that must be entirely paid by the City.

As illustrated in the chart above, if the earnings assumption is lowered, the Normal Cost of the benefit increases. For example, the Department of Retirement Services estimated the Normal Cost to be 89.5% if a 4% earnings assumption were used. This was used to illustrate the impact of using a very conservative and nearly risk-free earnings assumption.

The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability for the Police and Fire Pension Benefits as of June 30, 2010 was \$0.65 billion on an actuarial basis and \$1.0 billion on a market value basis. If the 2nd Tier proposal were accepted for new employees, it would result in no immediate change to the unfunded liability.

It is important that realistic actuarial assumptions are used to maintain adequate funding. The higher the earnings assumption, the higher the risk and ultimately the higher the costs will be if investment returns do not meet the earnings assumption. Actuarial assumptions do not determine the actual cost of the plan. The actual cost is determined by the benefits paid out,

⁴ Includes changes to mortality and merit pay increase assumptions.

⁵ Includes changes to mortality and merit pay increase assumptions.

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offset by the investment income received. The Boards need to adhere to funding policies that are based on sound actuarial methods to avoid intergenerational transfers of benefit costs.

Opt-In Option for Current Employees

In addition to the 2nd Tier Retirement Proposal for new employees, Local 230 proposed an Opt-In Option for current employees. Under the proposal, current employees would be allowed to opt-in to the 2nd Tier pension plan. Any savings resulting from employees electing to opt-in to the 2nd Tier would be shared equally between the employees and the City. This means that 50% of the actuarial savings would either be paid to the employee or put in a 401(a) type plan for each employee.

At this time it is difficult to determine what the potential savings for this Opt-In Option would be because there are many factors that are unknown. For example, it is unknown how many employees would elect this option, whether employees with fewer years of service would be more likely to elect this option, or whether employees who are closer to retiring would consider electing this option. These along with many other factors, including the cost sharing for the Normal Cost and Unfunded Liability could significantly impact the City and employee costs. If the City Council provides direction on an Opt-In Option, there are many details that would need to be discussed during the negotiation process.

Conclusion

The City and Local 230 have an agreement to continue negotiating pension and retiree healthcare benefits for current and future employees. The Local 230 proposal would be included in those discussions.

Alex Gurza

Director of Employee Relations

Attachment



San Jose Fire Fighters · Local 230

425 E. Santa Clara Street, Suite 300, San Jose, CA 95113 • (408) 286-8718 • PAX (408) 286-2577



SECOND TIER RETIREMENT (Plan 2)

For all applicable members initially hired after the effective date of this contract, Local 230 agrees to full pension reform by turning back the clock on pension benefits to the following:

- Maximum retirement benefit 75% of final average salary
- 2.5% per year for years 1-30
- Final average salary to be calculated as the annual average of the highest 36 months.
- Retiree Annual Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) calculated to match the CPI index rate up to a
 maximum of 2.0%
- Supplemental Retirement Benefit Reserve benefit closed to new members who are lifted after effective date of agreement,
- The retiree medical benefit will be defined as the minimum plan amount paid to active members at the time the employee retires without future increases.

VESTED MEMBER OPT - IN OPTION (Plan 2)

The following pension plan changes shall apply prospectively to any current San Jose Fire Department Employee who at their option select to join the second tier retirement plan (Plan 2). The actuarial savings from a member opting into the second tier retirement plan shall be shared equally between the employee and City at a 1r1 ratio. For the employee the savings can be applied in either of two methodologies:

- 1. Applied to a new 401(a) account to be dispersed within plan and IRS guidelines upon separation of employment or retirement, OR
- 2. Paid directly to the employee as compensation on a biweekly basis.

If a current employee selects to join the second tier retirement plan the member shall remain in the second tier retirement plan or, on a one time basis, an employee could re-join the Tier 1 plan but must pay all resultant UAAL attributed to that individual prior to re-joining the first tier plan (Plan 1).

Tentati	vely Agreed	
AG	JW GAY	

Side Letter Agreement

BETWEEN

THE CITY OF SAN JOSE

and

SAN JOSE POLICE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION

RETIREMENT REFORM

The City and the San Jose Police Officers' Association agree to continue meeting and conferring on pension and retiree healthcare benefits for current and future employees, including but not limited to healthcare benefits. The negotiations may include modification of healthcare (medical and dental) plans available to current employees, including but not limited to plan design.

Either the City or Union may provide notice to the other of its request to meet and confer. Upon such notice, the parties shall continue these negotiations within ten (10) calendar days after the City or Union receives notice from the other. The City and Union shall meet and confer in good faith in an effort to reach a mutual agreement. If the parties are at impasse and no agreement is reached, the parties shall submit the issues for determination in accordance with the applicable provisions under the Employer-Employee Relations Resolution No. 39367 and/or City Charter Section 1111.

Opt In Program

As part of the negotiations related to retirement reform, the parties will meet and confer regarding an opt in program in which current employees could voluntarily choose to opt out of the current level of pension benefits into a lower level of benefits.

In the event that the City and the POA do not reach an agreement on the specific design of an opt in program by November 1, 2011, at the POA's option the City will implement the opt in program that was proposed by the POA during contract negotiations (2.5% for the first 20 years and 3% after 20 years with an 80% maximum, 2% fixed COLA and 3 year final average salary) effective December 25, 2011, under the following conditions:

 40% of the employees represented by the POA sign an irrevocable waiver to elect to go into the opt in program described above. Employees would be required to sign a document indicating that they understand that if the program is implemented, this is an irrevocable election and that they will not be able to opt back into the former tier of benefits.

<u>AND</u>

2. Any implementation of an opt-in program is contingent upon receiving an IRS qualification letter.

Even if 40% of the employees represented by the POA sign an irrevocable waiver to opt in and IRS approval has been received, the POA will have the option not to proceed with implementation of the opt in program. If less than 40% of the employees represented by the POA sign an irrevocable waiver to opt in and IRS approval has been received, the opt in program may still be implemented by mutual agreement of both the City and the POA.

The parties agree that the dates contained herein regarding the opt in program can be modified by mutual agreement of the parties.

The POA expressly acknowledges that this opt in program is not the solution to the costs of the City's retirement benefits and the unfunded liabilities for both pensions and retiree healthcare. The City has informed the POA that even if the opt in program is implemented, further changes will be required to significantly reduce the costs of pension and retiree healthcare benefits and the unfunded liabilities, which may include a substantially lower cost tier for new employees and reduced benefits and/or increased employee contributions for current employees, including those who may elect the opt in program. Neither party waives any legal rights including the Union's nor any member's right to assert that certain benefits are vested.

This Agreement is tentative and shall become effective only as part of the overall agreement on, and only during the term of, a successor Memorandum of Agreement.

FOR THE CITY:

Alex Gurza

Director of Employee Relations

FORTHE UNION:

George Beattle

Date

Firesident, San Jose Police Officers' Association

Opt In Program

