Operating Budget and Staffing for City Services

CITY OPERATING BUDGET

The City's operating budget is a financial plan for how the City will provide services, pay obligations, and save for future expenses. It is approved by the Mayor and City Council. It contains information and data regarding expected sources and uses of funds, and performance. The City Charter requires the budget to be balanced for every fiscal year. The fiscal year in San José begins July I and ends June 30.

The City's operating budget is prepared using a different accounting basis than the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). CAFR data was used in the previous chapter to discuss financial condition. This chapter, as well as the remainder of this report, uses budgetary data unless otherwise specified. Every year, the City Manager's Budget Office prepares a reconciliation between the CAFR and the adopted budget. To see the latest of these reconciliations, see the 2018-19 Annual Report.

In addition to being balanced, the City Charter also requires that the budget include a complete financial plan for all City funds. This includes the General Fund as well as numerous special funds, such as those related to Airport operations, sewer services, and others.

In 2018-19, budgeted City expenditures from all funds totaled about \$3.7 billion. Of that, departmental personal and non-personal operating expenditures totaled approximately \$1.5 billion (or about \$1,450 per resident). The City's Operating and Capital Budgets are online at the <u>Budget Office Website</u>.

Departmental Operating Expenditures, 2018-19 (All Funds, \$millions)

| | | 10-Year Change |
|---|---------------|----------------|
| Airport | \$ 70.6 | -15% |
| City Attorney | \$ 19.9 | 34% |
| City Auditor | \$ 2.4 | 1% |
| City Clerk | \$ 2.4 | -41% |
| City Manager | \$ 18.6 | 62% |
| Community Energy | \$ 7.4 | not applicable |
| Economic Development | \$ 11.0 | 13% |
| Environmental Services | \$ 268.7 | 30% |
| Finance | \$ 18.0 | 16% |
| Fire | \$ 224.0 | 44% |
| Housing | \$ 11.3 | 1% |
| Human Resources | \$ 12.4 | 18% |
| Independent Police Auditor | \$ 1.2 | 54% |
| Information Technology | \$ 20.8 | -10% |
| Library | \$ 41.8 | 18% |
| Mayor and Council | \$ 11.9 | 16% |
| Parks, Recreation and Neighborhood Services | \$ 88.4 | 36% |
| Planning, Building and Code Enforcement | \$ 50.2 | 68% |
| Police | \$ 409.5 | 37% |
| Public Works | \$ 112.5 | 26% |
| Retirement | \$ 6.3 | 49% |
| Transportation | \$ 97.4 | 26% |
| Total | \$ 1,506.9 | 28% |

Source: San José Adopted Operating Budgets, 2018-19 Annual Report, and Budget Office

Note: Department operating budgets include personal services, and non-personal/equipment expenditures. Departmental operating budgets do not include all expenditures such as reserves, capital expenditures, debt service, and pass-through funding. Other budgeted expenditures include:

- Expenditures from special funds that are not captured in departmental operating budgets. For example, the Airport's
 departmental budget totaled \$71 million in 2018-19 (as we report in the chart above and in the Airport section), but the
 Airport oversaw \$271 million in other program expenditures over the course of the year. See individual department
 chapters for more information about additional expenditures.
- \$325 million in Citywide expenses and capital contributions and transfers (Citywide expenses are related to more than
 one department or are not directly associated with ongoing departmental operations).

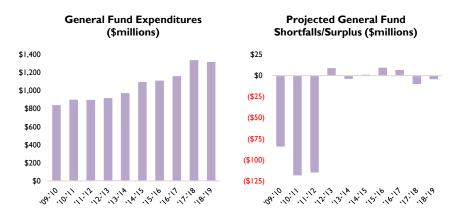
The numbers do not account for inflation.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for the revenues and expenditures of the City which are not related to special or capital funds. Some of the General Fund's larger revenue sources include: property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, licenses and permits, and business taxes. The General Fund is available to use for any purpose and much of its use is dedicated to paying for personnel costs.

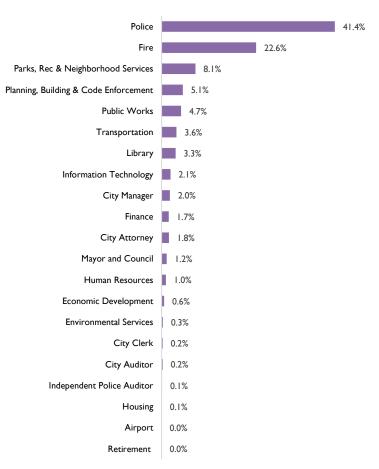
In 2018-19, General Fund expenditures totaled over \$1.3 billion. Departmental operations accounted for \$994 million, with the remaining budgeted for Citywide expenses, capital contributions, and transfers. About 64 percent of expenditures were for the Police and Fire Departments. Some departments are funded through special funds, such as the Airport and the Environmental Services Department, and receive little or no General Fund support.

In 2018-19, the City projected a \$4.3 million General Fund shortfall. This represented about 0.2 percent of the total General Fund budget. The City has faced projected General Fund shortfalls in six of the last ten years. In addition, the FY 2019-20 City Manager's Budget Message forecasted budget shortfalls for three of the next four years.



Source: San José Adopted Operating Budgets and Annual Reports

Departmental Operating Expenditures, 2018-19 (General Fund Only)



Source: San José 2018-19 Annual Report

Note: May not total to 100 percent because of rounding. Department expenditures in the General Fund totaled \$994 million. Citywide expenses, capital contributions, and transfers totaled roughly \$325 million of additional General Fund expenditures.

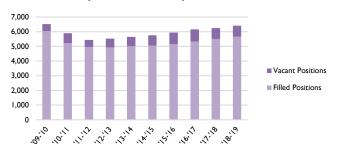
CITY STAFFING

Much of the General Fund's expenses are allocated for personnel costs. In 2018-19, there were 6,413 full-time equivalent positions in the City. Increased staffing over the last few years has almost restored staffing levels to what they were ten years ago, when the City had around 6,500 authorized positions.

While some City departments are still below staffing levels from ten years ago, some departments have experienced substantial growth in staffing levels. There were 754 vacancies as of June 30, 2019; however, it should be noted that there were roughly 90 police recruits in the police academy to fill vacant police officer positions.

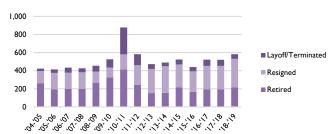
The number of full-time employees leaving City service has come down from the high seen in 2011 when nearly 900 employees left the City. In 2018-19, 583 full-time employees left City employment; 698 new full-time hires joined the City.

Citywide Full-Time Equivalent Positions



Source: San José Adopted Operating Budgets and auditor analysis of PeopleSoft records

Number of Full-Time Employees Leaving by Type of Departure



Source: Auditor analysis of PeopleSoft records

| Authorized Department Staffing | 2018-19 | 10-Year Change |
|---|---------|----------------|
| Airport | 216 | -29% |
| City Attorney | 84 | -6% |
| City Auditor | 15 | -12% |
| City Clerk | 15 | -6% |
| City Manager | 84 | -3% |
| Community Energy | 17 | not available |
| Economic Development | 58 | -19% |
| Environmental Services | 550 | 8% |
| Finance | 121 | -5% |
| Fire | 823 | -3% |
| Housing | 78 | -3% |
| Human Resources | 53 | -29% |
| Independent Police Auditor | 6 | 20% |
| Information Technology | 80 | -40% |
| Library | 367 | 1% |
| Mayor and Council | 27 | not available |
| Parks, Recreation and Neighborhood Services | 711 | 6% |
| Planning, Building and Code Enforcement | 330 | 56% |
| Police | 1,691 | -5% |
| Public Works | 573 | 0% |
| Retirement | 40 | 20% |
| Transportation | 475 | 5% |
| Total | 6,413 | -2% |

Source: 2018-19 Adopted Operating Budget

CITY STAFFING (CONTINUED)

In 2018-19, the City of San José had 6.1 authorized positions per 1,000 residents, far fewer than other large California cities. The number of authorized positions per 1,000 residents was also less than San José's 20-year average of 6.7.

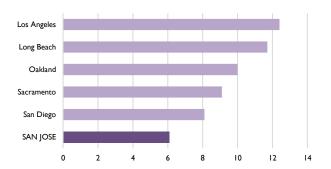
Total employee compensation for operating funds rose to \$1.06 billion in 2018-19. Cash compensation and other benefit costs have risen above 2009-10 levels, partly driven by a restoration of former staffing levels. Moreover, retirement benefit costs have more than doubled. For more information, see the Retirement Services chapter.

Retirement, Fringe, and Cash Compensation (Operating Funds Only, \$\)millions)



Source: Auditor analysis of FMS records

2018-19 Authorized Full-Time Positions per 1,000 Residents



Source: 2018-19 Operating Budgets from each jurisdiction and California Department of Finance Demographic Research Unit

Note: The type and range of services may vary across jurisdictions.

Authorized Full-Time Positions per 1,000 population



Source: 2011 Fiscal and Service Level Emergency Report, November 2011, San José 2012-13 through 2018-19 Adopted Operating Budgets

ADDITIONAL REPORTS FOR MORE INFORMATION

The City of San José prepares numerous budgetary documents during the fiscal year.

The City's **Annual Adopted Operating Budget** details how the City will pay for services and operations. The Adopted Operating Budget contains key information about the City's budgets and performance, broken down by broad areas of City service delivery and City departments. It also contains information about the sources and uses of operating funds. Visit:

City Manager's Budget Office 2019-20 adopted operating budget homepage.

The City Manager's Budget Office also prepares an **Annual Adopted Capital Budget** and a **Five Year Capital Improvement Program** to outline how the City will maintain and grow its capital assets. This document provides detailed information about the planned capital investments in the City's assets such as buildings, parks, and transportation infrastructure. Visit: City Manager's Budget Office 2019-20 adopted capital budget homepage.

The **Annual Report** provides unaudited information on the financial status of the City at the end of each fiscal year. The focus of the Annual Report is a comparison of actual revenue collections and expenditures to projections and appropriations included in the budget. This report also provides information about each City fund, including the status of the year-end reserve levels. Visit: City Manager's Budget Office 2018-19 Annual Report.

The **Five Year Forecast** includes projected revenues and expenditures for the General Fund and revenue projections for the Capital Improvement Program. Visit: <u>City Manager's Budget Office Five Year Forecast homepage</u>.

The **Fees and Charges Report** documents the majority of the fees and charges within the General Fund and selected fees within other funds. Some fees for enterprise activities, such as the Airport, are not included as they are approved separately. Visit: <u>City Manager's Budget Office Proposed Fees and Charges</u>.